THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,544—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY—FRIDAY, MAY 26, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at *Aden with	Tons.
27th May	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9631
3rd June	PERSIA a	7951	CHINA	7932
10th "	SALSETTE	6000		
17th "	CALEDONIA a	7558		
24th "	DEVANHA	8092	MALWA	10663
1st July	HIMALAYA a	6898		
8th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
15th "	ARABIA	7931		
22nd "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
29th "	EGYPT	7912		
5th Aug	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	7911
12th "	PARSIA	7951		
19th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
26th "	CALEDONIA	7553		
2nd Sept	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10500
9th "	OPHANA	6510		
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
23rd "	ARABIA	7933		
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

a These Steamers will call at BRINDISI.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES, Superintendent.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES — Booked without charge.
BERTHS — Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS — Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK — Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE — Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—
ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.
HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Massilia	5091	Brown, R N R	9th June 1911
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	21st " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	11th July "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	8th Aug. "
Elysia	6368	W. Robertson	21st " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Sept. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	23rd " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	9th Oct. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. "
Elysia	6368	W. Robertson	18th " "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 803	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned,

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., AGENTS, Bombay

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.

(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL :—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail on or about
Markgraf	3,680	Ihle	14th June,
b Somali	2,655	Stoffregen	19th June,

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co., Agents.

24, Meadow Street, Bombay 11 May, 1911.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	26th May	6 a.m.†	direct.
Linga	2171	Mon.	29th May	11 a.m.	*P D & C M.
Kasara	1195	Thurs.	1st June	9 a.m.	direct.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
*Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi. (Weather permitting).

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kasara," 1155 tons, on Thursday, 1st June calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahamera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Madura," 1956 tons, sailing on Saturday, 27th May, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, and Bushire.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3413 tons, sailing on or about Thursday, 15th June, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

A Steamer, sailing on or about 3rd June.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct),

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents, BOMBAY.

26th May, 1911.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4580	L. Manchini	15th June 1911
D. Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzino	15th July 1911
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Manchini	15th August.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Singl Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 729; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th June 1911
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th July 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Aug. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued, subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI, Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on
Caledonien	4,130	Melbar	8th June 1911.
Sydney	4,118	Sellier	6th July 1911.
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	3rd Aug. 1911.
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	31st Aug. 1911.
Australien	6,365	Mouton	28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	26th Oct. 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	X	23rd Nov. 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione Generale Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	16th June.
Australien	6,365	Mouton	14th July.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS, Agent.

Albert Building Hornby Road.

SELF CURE NO FICTION! NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR. THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1 in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2 Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3 Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.

Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

THERAPION CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Bombay,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Zanzibar,
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Mombasa
Lahore	Mandalay,	Nairobi,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nakuru,
Delhi,	Kandy	Kisumu,
Cawnpore	Nuwara Eliya,	Kampala
		Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities,

Post Box No. 122, BOMBAY. W. J. K. HEGARTY Acting Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL ..... £ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... £ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ..... £ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS ..... £ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.
LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS,

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS,

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH, Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital..... $ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors..... $ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund..... $ 16,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund..... $ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES,

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE,	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA,	SINGAPORE
HANKOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	YLOILO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

J. A. JEFFREY, Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted,

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected,

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application,

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

THE OLDEST HOUSE

In the trade of Bombay

FOR WATCHES AND CLOCKS,

and yet the house which is most progressively modern in its endeavours to secure individuality, original ideas and up-to-date requirements, is the well known establishment of

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

There is a Chinese saying :—

"Full praise must not be given to the horse that wins the race, but to the man that keeps the stable."

We quite agree with the Chinaman's judgment which so forcibly expresses a practical truth. In our case, we cannot but acknowledge and give unstinted praise to our

WATCHMAKING STAFF

for the extraordinary success and reputation earned by our Watches as Perfect and Reliable Timekeepers. It is chiefly due to our watchmakers' co-operation, skill and assurance added to the fact that we persistently maintain the best and most experienced workmen at our Head Office at Bombay and at our Branch Establishment at Poona, that it is possible for us to obtain that

ACCURACY, DURABILITY,

and inexpensive up-keep so much appreciated by the Time-keeping public and which we are able to guarantee not only in every Watch we sell, but in every Watch we repair. Purchasers of our Watches and Clocks may know therefore that whatever sum is paid, the best value for the money is being obtained. In every case we prefer to emphasise the importance of

QUALITY-VALUE

rather than proclaim the low prices at which the meanest standard in quality can be purchased. Our efforts are consistently focussed in improving Quality and not in competing for

BAZAAR PRICES.

MARCKS & CO., LTD., PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS, BOMBAY & POONA.

A TEMPERANCE COCKTAIL!

The drink **YOU NEED** this Hot Weather is a **"VITALIA"** Cocktail

A Pleasant, Refreshing, Stimulating drink, containing the new Life Food **"VITALIA."**

Ask for it at

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

NOW READY **PRICE Rs. 3.**

THE Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.

RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS

FROM

1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° " "
Monkey 125° " "
Elephant in tins and bulk.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following :—
GRUYERE PARMESAN and GORGONZOLA CHEESE always in stock throughout the year.
MACCARONI VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES of various shapes and designs fresh and can be had in large quantities.
PURE GENUINE OLIVE OIL of the Olives, now in great demand.
ITALIAN WINE VINEGAR (white) highly patronized for its excellence.
WALNUTS AND ALMONDS in soft shell, and HAZELNUTS always in Stock.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

MALARIA MIXTURE, prepared by FRANCESCO RANA of Bari, in Italy, cure guaranteed.
BRIOSCHI'S 'CETRATE,' an effervescent drink for the young and aged use freely in every house in Italy.
Our CLARET (Grignolino), the Genuine Wine, in great demand, at Rs. 11 per dozen bottles. Various other Brands of Wines and Liqueurs from The High Class House of Italy and France.

TEA AWARDED COFFEE

3

GOLD. MEDALS

AT

NAGPUR, JALGAON & BROACH

EXHIBITIONS

FOR

SUPERIORITY PEARSE & Co. EXCELLENCE.

APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s "ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V., by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of BAI MANEKBAI, widow of Kalyanji Dayal, of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu inhabitant who lately resided at Zaverbaug, Kalbadevi, outside the Fort of Bombay, deceased.

BAI GOMTIBAI, widow of GORDHANDAS KALYANJI of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Vimalvadi, outside the Fort of Bombay.....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this Nineteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Eleven and in the Second year of our Reign.

A. M. KAJIJI, Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

H. H. WADIA,
The 22nd day of May, 1911.
Mr. GAMANLAL H. DALAL, Petitioner's Attorney.

NOTICE.

WANTED, a SUB-OVERSEER, on the Temporary Establishment, on a consolidated salary of Rs. 50 per month, for work on the Nasik Water Supply Work. Those who have experience of the water supply work and have passed the Sub-overseer's examination, need only apply. The applications must be accompanied by copies of testimonials and reach this office not later than the 29th of May, 1911.

A. F. THORPE,
Executive Engineer, Nasik District.

WANTED.

FOR the DRAWING BRANCH of the Public Works Secretariat, Burma.

(1) A thoroughly qualified Architectural DRAFTS, MAN on a salary of Rs. 250 per mensem to fill a permanent appointment.

Must be a good draftsman, reliable constructionist, and competent to make detailed drawings from sketches.

Must also possess a knowledge of Architectural styles.

(2) A certificated 3rd grade Draftsman on a salary of Rs. 60-3-75 per mensem, to fill a permanent appointment.

(3) A trained Computor on a salary of Rs. 125-5-150 per mensem, to fill a permanent appointment.

Applicants should in the first instance apply by letter only, stating age, qualifications, etc., and in the case of (1) should also state ability to submit, when required drawings of his Architectural work.

Successful candidates will be on probation for six months.

G. H. BELL,
Under Secretary to the Govt. of Burma Rangoon.

Dated 11th May, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

CHEAP RETURN TICKETS TO SIMLA.

THROUGH CARRIAGE BETWEEN BOMBAY AND KALKA.

FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for two months, will be issued on any date during May, June and July, from BOMBAY, MHOW, NEEMUCH and NASIRABAD to SIMLA, at the following REDUCED FARES :—

Stations.	Return fares. Rs. a. p.	Route by which available.
Bombay.....	128 10 0	Via Nagda Muttra Railway, Delhi and Saharanpur.
Mhow.....	108 9 0	
Neemuch	95 14 0	Via Ajmer, Delhi and Saharanpur.
Nasirabad.....	85 13 0	

BOMBAY-SIMLA TIMINGS.—Leave Bombay 21·15 hours, arrive Simla 18·30 hours. Leave Simla 8·15 hours, arrive Bombay 7·15 hours. Time occupied 46 hours approximately. Corridor carriages, dining car, electric lights and fans on Bombay-Kalka service. Through carriage between Bombay and Kalka.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

11 Gold Medals awarded.

Number of inventions patented

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,

FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,

LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited

HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM :—
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY

JOOSUB HAJI JAN MAHOMED & CO.,

"CHEAP JACK"

TAILORS

AND

GENERAL OUTFITTERS,

HOSIERS AND HATTERS,

MAJESTIC HOTEL,

Opposite Apollo Hotel,

FORT, BOMBAY.

PRADER RIPU.

A Sure Remedy for Leucorrhœa (Whites). Cure is imminent. Strongly recommended to try it once. Price Rs. 3 a bottle. Apply to

SAPAT & CO.,
Chemists, Bombay, No. 2.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR

CINEMATOGRAPH

NOVELTY THEATRE.

TO-MORROW.

GREAT SPORTING ATTRACTION

"THE CUP FINAL"

The first match and the re-play, ENGLAND'S WORKERS OUT FOR THE DAY.

80,000 people watch the Play. A film that will appeal to all lovers of the manly game.

THE DANCER OF SIVA.

Founded on an old Hindu Legend and other Popular Pictures.

TO-NIGHT

LAST NIGHT OF

"TERROR"

"THE LATE KING'S FUNERAL"

&c., &c., &c.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

BRITTANIA CINEMATOGRAPH.

FOUR SHOWS DAILY.

TO-NIGHT.

FRIDAY, 26TH MAY, 1911.

AT BALIWALLA'S GRAND THEATRE, Tardeo.

OUR STAR FILM.

THE LAST OF THE SAXONS.

With a number of attractive films on the Programme.

HALF PRICES.

SKATING RINK.

LAST 4 SESSIONS.

SATURDAY, 27TH MAY.

Practice Session 8 to 9 A. M.

Night do. 9-30 to 11-30 with Band.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND INTESTATE PROPERTIES.

Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 26th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at the Police Commissioner's Office, opposite Crawford Market, a quantity of unclaimed and unserviceable properties, etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE of Linseed bags slightly damaged by water.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 26th instant, at 3 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at N. Shed, Prince's Dock, on account of the underwriters—

Ex. S. S. "Etonian."

123 W. B. C. L Antwerp	About 7 bags linseed, slightly damaged by water.	

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at P. Byramji's Bungalow, Gilder Street, Tardeo, next to Hirachund Gumanji Boarding School, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood and mahogany household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, one English sliding dining table in 7 pieces, arms and without arms chairs, mirror, sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawing-room, new design suites, handsome drawing-room cabinets, marble top chiffoniers, tabls and teapoys, single and double doors new design almyrahs, revolving top English office table, writing tables, book cases, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, chest of drawers, new design brass and iron bedsteads, table, hanging and hall lamps, rich oil paintings and pictures, coir and matting, copper and alluminium utensils, garden tubs and pots etc., etc, the property of Revd. Mr. J. Smith and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 27th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

Also a few pieces of furniture such as chairs, cupboards, writing tables, one large counter, iron bedsteads, mosquito curtains, timepieces, clocks, one sweet-toned organ, toys, oil carpets, large iron stone, aluminium utensils, etc.

AT 2 P. M. (S.T.)

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand glass fronted miniature brougham in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 grey Arab, quiet in harness.
1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 English built second-hand brougham, in good order.

By order of the Owner and on account and risk of the purchaser Mr. J. Rodgers.

1 handsome strong four wheels rubber-tyred Lady's self-driving English-built carriage, nearly new, with real Morocco leather lining, lamps and break complete.

AUCTION SALE of Unserviceable Municipal Stores.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 5th proximo, at 2 p. m. (B. T.) sell by Public Auction, at the Central Stores (Water Works Stores) Chinchpoogly, a large lot of unserviceable stores consisting of anger screw, empty ink bottles, empty casks and drums, broken chairs, greywarm blanket, China cups, gun metal hose, fountains, glass sheets, N. P. hydrants, keys iron for stop top brass, Makintosh pillows, Piston rolle, brass screws, large pipe cutting lathe, vertical engine and boiler for lathe, cast iron scrap, upright octagonal and stopping cases etc., etc.

On TUESDAY, the 6th proximo, at 2 p. m. (B. T.) at the Bellasis Bridge Pipe Depot, Tardeo.

A large quantity of unserviceable stores consisting of empty bottles, India rubber hose, helmets, W. I. boiler tubes, iron troughs, vent shaft, cane baskets, iron chain, wooden pieces, kerosine oil empty tins, empty jars, empty casks, galvanized fittings, brass boring, brass scrap, copper scrap, picks axes, quamallas, Weston's patent blocks, typewriter, time pieces, galvanized buckets, leather scrap, W. I. scrap, zinc scrap, cannoes, lead, soap, and rubber scrap, iron drums, powras, W. I. tanks, wooden hand carts, brougham carriage, empty drums, etc., etc.

On WEDNESDAY, the 7th proximo, at 2 p. m. (B. T.) at Paltan Road Workshop, behind the Crawford Market.

A large quantity of unserviceable stores consisting of O. I scrap, W. I. scrap, W. I. pipes and tubes, C. I. naves C. I. fireb ars, W. I. tyre bars, W. I. sheets and plates, drain cart bodies, W. I. tank, canvas and rubber lined hose, rubber hose and scrap, leather scrap, empty casks, empty tins and drums, gunmetal scrap, gunmetal borings, coal ashes, iron trough, W. I. chimney, N. 8 carts with bodies, zinc scrap, Thorneycroft steam meat wagon, 8 H. P. Marshal engine, 100 volt Parkar Dynamo with board, cables, switches and accessories, etc., etc.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Cases of Window Glasses, Mirror, Glasses, etc., in one lot.

Under instructions from R. D. Sathna, Esqr., Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Tyebally Goolamhoosein, Insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 26th May at 3 p. m. (S. T.) in one lot in shop at Abdol Rehman Street, opposite the Parsee Alahi Bagh :—

All the goods such as cases of window glasses, mirror glasses, coloured glasses, picture frames, wire bundles, etc., in shop at Abdul Rehman Street.

Also the goods in shop at Jamli Mohola, such as loose glass sheets, gas lamps, clock, etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale. The goods are on view.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 26th May, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
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A GOOD OPPORTUNITY to the Merchants and Private Buyers.

AUCTION SALE of Silver and Nickel-silver Watches of the well-known Maker.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 31st day of May, 1911, sell by Public Auction at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Sales Rooms the following watches :—

By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of the concerned.—

150 Silver and Nickel watches and Repeaters Lever open face, half and full hunter and alarum watches, nurse watches, wrist watches of the well-known maker.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of knocking down the lots to the name of the purchaser and the lots to be taken away and paid for within three days from the day of sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
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Bombay, 26th May, 1911.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

SALE THIS DAY, 26th May, at 2-30 p.m.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 26th May, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the ground floor at "Batliboi Building" in Sonter Street behind Club Road, Byculla, valuable and neat teak and blackwood drawing, dining and bed room furniture, drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, cabinet, chiffonier, corner cabinets, cottage piano, marble topped tables and teapoys, bookstand, palmstand, jardiniers, sliding dining table, chairs, mirror sideboard, whatnot, meatsafe, easy, rocking and office chairs, writing table, mirror hat stand, pier table, screen, baba cradle, brass and iron bedstead, mirror almyrah, chest of drawers, dressing and washhand tables, wardrobe, clothes press, glass, crockery and platedware, table and hanging lamps, carpets, figures, perambulator, etc., the property of Captain F. de Lorme proceeded home and others.

The property is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 26th May, 1911.

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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET.

London, May 24.] [Bombay, May 25.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
	81 3-8		1-16
2½ per cent. Consols ...	96		un chgd
do. Reuter ...	95 3-4		un chgd
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan...	64 7-16		un chgd
do. Govt. Securities...	24 5-8		un chgd
Bar Silver in London ...	24 11-16		un chgd
do. 2 months' bence...	5	3-8	un chgd
do. in New York ...	25-31	1-2	01
Exchange on London at Paris,	20-46	1-2	un chgd
do. at Berlin,...	4-86	3-8	un chgd
do. at New York...	3 p.c.		since
Discount Bank of England Rate	9th Mar.		
do. Short London	2	3-8	1-8
Bills, 3 months' sight.			un chgd
do. Indian Bank	2	5-8	un chgd
Bills, 6 months' sight.			
do. 3 months' Fine	3		un chgd
Trade Bills...			
do. 6 months' Fine	3	1-8	un chgd
Trade Bills...	1	5-8	un chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans ...	1	7-8	1-8
Interest 7 day Market Loans...			

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (bank's buying rate) 1 3 ;-3 unchanged.
Closing Tone of Silver—Quiet steady.
Amount paid into the Bank of England about £275,000.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day for Rs. 80,00,000,

Rs. 4,90,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 8,10,000 " to Bombay
" 7,10,000 " to Madras

Total Rs. 20,10,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 13 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min. Rate) received 13 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16'04.
Telegraphic Transfers :—

Rs. 23,80,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 27,40,000 " to Bombay.
" 8,70,000 " to Madras.

Total Rs. 59,90,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 13 per cent. above that rate in full.
Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-16d. (Min. Rate) received 13 per cent. above that rate in full.
Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16'06.
Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale, Rs. 80,00,000.
Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 80,00,000.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—
Spot ... Unchgd—Quiet.
Futures ... ... Easier.
East Indian ... .
Manchester ...Demand moderate but prices steady
Total Sales ... 6,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export... ... 250
Imports ... 10,000
Mid Americans ... 8·33 unchgd
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 10 5-8 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

May-June	June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
8·16	7·98	7·92	7·63	7·18
—04	—04	—04	+04	—03

Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
7·00	6·94	6·92	6·92
—01	—01	—01	—01

New York Official noon call July 15-87 October 13·15.

NEW YORK—
Bales.
Receipts at all U. S. Ports ... 7,000
Receipts at U. S. Last year ... .
Exports to Great Britain ... 7,000
Exports to Continent ... Nil
Spot Cotton— ... 16·00—10
Futures—Month of July 15-86—08 } Declined on bearish private crop reports
Futures—Month of Oct 13·15—01 } and advanced later partially on covering.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot Cotton ... 15 11-16 unchgd
Futures—Month of July ... 15·71—12
Do. do Oct. ... 13·07—02
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Easy.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi ... 33 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Value.
Red Karachi ... 33 unchgd
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—London. Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Gunnel, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ... 44 unchgd
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ... 46 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ... 40 unchgd
Do. Months—June-July.—Done.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Tone—Steady.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 70—1-4
Do. Months—June-July—Done.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Tone—Easier.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 64 1-2—3-4
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Buyers &c.—Sellers

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality), 12 unchgd
RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 4-3 1-2—Sellers—Steady
METALS—
Copper Braziers ... £ 66 1-2
Yellow Metal ... £ 5 7-8
Standard Copper G. M. B. ... £55 0-0
FREIGHT—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ... 10s.
BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—
Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 34
" " Mutton Tallow ... 36
General Tone of Tallow Auction—Dull.
SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. ... 12-5 1-2—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment ... July-Aug.
Tone—Only small business.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... 12-6 3-4—Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments ... June.
Tone—Dull. Quiet and neglected.
German Beet-root 88 p. c ... 10 5 1-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments ... June.
Tone—Quiet but steady.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ... 14 3 3-4—Sellers
Months of Shipments ... May-August.
Tone—Quiet.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 11 4 1-2—Value.
Months of Shipments ... May
Tone—Quiet.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16×18 C and F
Calcutta May-June—10 1 1-2—Value.
Do do. June-July—10 1 1-2—Value.
July-Dec—10 1 1-2—Value.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi May-June—10 3 —Value.
Do. do. June-July—10 3 —Value.
July-Dec—10 3 —Value.
Fine White Java C&F Calcutta May-June—11 3 —Value.
Do. do. June-July—11 3 —Value.
July-Dec—11 3 —Value.
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi May-June—11 4 1-2—Value.
Do. do. June-July—11 4 1-2—Value.
July-Dec—11 4 1-2—Value.
General Tone—No business.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [25TH May, 1911.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY, BY RAIL, on 23rd May, 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	106	116,979
B B and C I Railway ...	47	85,203

FINANCIAL.

MONEY :—
The Cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is 30 lakhs up.

EXCHANGE :—
The market opened quiet but steady at 1s. 4 1-32d. T.T, 1s. 4 1 1-16d. Demand and 1s. 4 7-32d. for 3 months' sight credits. There has been little enquiry for Bank remittance and Private Bills are scarce. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 1-32d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 7-32d
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-32d, July
Do. do Francs	...171
Do. do Marks	...138 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...183
Shanghai "	...173 1-4
Japan "	...150

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—
The market opened at 96 1-4 for Cash and the two Settlements, and has improved during the day. A moderate business has been done and rates close steady as under.

We quote :—

Cash ...	... Rs.	96	5 6
1st Settlement	... Rs.	96	5 6
2nd "	... "	96	5 6

BULLION :—
Bar Silver in London yesterday was unchanged at 24 5-8 for ready and 24 11-16 for forward. New York was also unchanged at 53 3-8. There has been little doing in the local market and the ready rate has remained steady at 62 9-16 ex duty.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	... Rs:	24	0 0
Australian " ...	... "	24	0 0
Sovereigns " ...	... "	15	0 0
Silver Ready ex-duty	... "	62	9 0
" 1st settlement	... "	62	12 0
" 2nd Settlemet	... "	62	14 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—
The market opened easier and during the day the May Settlements have been completed. We give below the Room quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association for to-day. The season for old crop contracts is now practically at an end, though some business is still being done in Southern descriptions for June and July. New Crops are quiet and prices are easier. There is nothing doing except a trifling business in "Suttas" in the bazaar.
Ready cotton is quiet with a moderate enquiry by shippers and mills.
Room quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association.

Growths.	Fine.	F.G.	Good.	Delivery.
H G Bengals, (Railway terms)	290	280	...	25th May
M G Bengals, (Railway terms)	301	290	...	"
M G Scind-Punjab, (Railway terms) ...	299	288	...	"
M G Khandeish ...	307	294	...	"
M G Yeotmal	327	315	...	"
M G Dhamangaum, Poolgaum	327	315	...	"
M G Nagpore, Kamptee ...	329	317	...	"
M G Akola Khamgaun, Karanja "Fair Staple" ...	318	304	...	"
M G Wardha-Hinganghat.	332	320	...	"
M G Broach	360	354	...	"
M G Bagalkot... ...	...	...	339	"
M G Muttia	305	292	...	"
M G Bijapur	...	...	337	"
M G Compta	...	...	342	"
Saw-ginned Dharwar ...	...	...	361	"
M G Westerns	...	...	338	"
H G Westerns	...	...	335	"

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach ...	... Rs.	303	1-2 March
Fully Good H G Bengals	... "	240	Jany.
Fine M G Bengal ...	... "	265	"

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone ...	...	...Quiet but steady.
Estimated Sales ...	...	5,000 bales
Total Imports ...	...	15,000 "

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

May-June.	June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
8·03	7·95	7·89	7·61
—03	—03	—03	—02

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
7·16	6·93	6·92	6·90	6·90
—02	—02	—02	—02	—02

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—
The market is a little steadier to-day :—
We quote :—

Ready ...	... Rs.	11 15	0 B. T.
May ...	... "	12 9	6 R. T.
September ...	... "	12 15	6 R. T.

RAPESEED :—The market is steady.
We Quote :—

Brown Delhi April-May...	Rs.	7 1	0 B. T.
Yellow Guzerat ready ...	"	7 12	0 B. T.
Brown Etawah ready ...	"	6 9	0 B. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is steady.
We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c. ...	Rs.	51 8	0
Mimbara	"	52 8	0
Yellow Hinganghat ...	"	53 0	0
Black Kutni ...	"	43 8	0

JASTOR-SEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	34 8	C
Forward ...	Rs.	7 1	0 B T

COTTONSEED:—Tone quiet. We Quote:—

Ready ...	Rs.	21 8	0

POPPYSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Ready ...	Rs.	9 14	0 B. T.
May ...	Rs.	10 8	6 R. T.

GROUNDNUTS :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Bold ...	Rs.	42 8	0
Small ...	Rs.	41 0	0

MOWRASEED :—Tone steady.
July-August ... ... Rs. 7 1 0 R. T.
WHEAT :—The market is quiet.
We Quote :—
White Delhi May Sutta ... Rs. 4 14 6 R. T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,670
Bank of Burma	126
Bank of India	67 1-2
Eastern Bank	78 1-2
Indian Specie	50 1-4

MILLS.

David	376 1-4
Kohinoor	642 1-2
Manockji Petit	2,665
New Great Eastern	165
Standard	940
Sun Mill	82 1-2

PRESSES.

New Berar	535
New Mofussil	860

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	130
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	170
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ...	280
Colaba Land and Mill	1,160
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	18
Treacher and Co.	530

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley	480

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	5,610	bales
Wheat	71,822	cwts.
Linseed	42,951	"
Rapeseed	9,891	"
Gingellyseed	350	"
Poppyseed	8,316	"
Groundnuts	2,157	"
Castorseed	7,012	"
Rice	3,079	"
Myrabollams	1,614	"
Cottonseed	13,606	"
Mowraseed	490	"
Gram	5,320	"
Joowar	284	"
Maize	1,596	"

KARACHI FREIGHT MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
KARACHI, MAY 25.

Freights are very firm for near positions and shippers will only take sufficient freight to cover engagements. The volume of business put through locally is, therefore, very small, liners being well booked up for June, while there is no freight available. For May, five charters have been effected at Home. Wheat is being firmly held by the growers and dealers, and, the Home market being dull, very little has been done.

THE CALCUTTA MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, MAY 25.

The season for the active buying of ready goods, in Manchester; goods has now closed and the usual slackness is expected till August. The week was very quiet. Practically nothing has been done in the local markets.

BENGAL COAL CO.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
CALCUTTA, MAY 25.

The Bengal Coal Co. show a net surplus of nine lakhs on the half year's working. A dividend at the rate of 50 per cent. per annum is paid and rupees two lakhs and a half are carried forward.

DAILY EXPORTS—MAY 25.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Trafford Hall s—10 bales cotton, W Blythe; 54 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 175 bales wool, B Hurbham; 16 bales wool; H B Mitha, 1000 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 19 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co; 13 bales wool, M Ramjidas; 7 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co; 30 bales wool, R Agarchand 500 bales cotton waste chhori Silk Mill Co; 15 bales cotton J A Begbie; 15 bales cotton, Bombay and Co; 54 bales wool, S Madonlal.
FOR LONDON.
Persia s—708 cwts nux vomica 150 cwts turmeric, R Jevandas and Co; 337 cwts sawri cotton J Cassum; 1807 cwts almondseed 137 cwts chilles, 151 cwts, turmeric J Cassum.
FOR DUNKIRK.
Baron Crawdor s—3000 cwts linseed and 8,000 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Bros; 2000 cwts linseed, Sunday and Co; 1600 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros; 5400 cwts rapeseed, K Dewchand; 2040 cwts linseed 2040 cwts rapeseed, M Valabhdas.
Inydene s—120 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
FOR HULL.
York Castle s—531 cwts cottonseed, The Aurangabad Mills; 1060 cwts cottonseed, Parikh Bros and Co; 7960 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.
Hindoo s—5920 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.
FOR ANTWERP.
Duke of York s—165 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 999 cwts groundnuts 7500 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros; 4901 cwts linseed, Sanday and Co; 487 cwts myrabollams K. Keshowji 174 bales cotton A Moritz and Co.
Culna s—500 cwts linseed, 5000 cwts teelseed and 2000 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.
Baralong s—2,000 cwts linseed S. Cooverji and Co; 7,200 cwts linseed, Sanday and Co; 250 bales cotton Volkart Bros; 110 bales wool N. Rajaram; 170 bales cotton, 2,000 bales rapeseed 8,678 bales linseed, Ralli Bros.
Calna s—440 bales cotton, Gaddam and Co.
FOR HAMBURG.
Schoenfels 's—630 cwts turmeric Bawer and Krause, 165 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 8,000 cwts bones; R. C. Nanji; 67 bales cotton, Forbes, Forbes Campbell and Co; 1,000 cwts myrabollams S. Cooverji and Co; 500 cwts. myrabollams, Padamsey Jethabhai; 110 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co.
Nairu s—110 bales cotton, M. Umarsey; 110 bales cotton, Gaddam and Co; 921 bales cotton, 3,000 cwts groundnut and 500 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.
FOR NEW YORK.
Bombay s—1,000 cwts capalum, 410 cwts gum, Musabhoy Jafferbhoy; 25,000 cwts castorseed Ralli Bros; 1,000 cwts castorseed, L. Pragji; 150 bales cotton Ralli Bros.
FOR BREMEN.
Schoenfels s—110 bales cotton, James Finlay & Co.
FOR PHILADELPHIA.
Bramley s—81,000 cwts myrabollams A Khimji.
FOR AMSTERDAM.
Craigvar s—1,000 cwts rapeseed 2,000 cwts linseed B S Lloyd and Co.
FOR ODESSA.
Trieste s—50 cwts olibanum and 75 cwts turmeric R Damji.
FOR GENOA.
Benwood s—50 bales cotton, M Jethabhoy 154 bales cotton, Ralli Bros 200 cwts animals' hoofs 100 cwts horns E E Mahomed, 2,001 cwts teelseed A Blaschek.
FOR TRIESTE.
Africa s—2 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons 230 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Trieste s—110 bales cotton, M Jethabhai and Co: 55 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co: 200 bales cotton, Bombay Co; 55 bales cotton Gaddum and Co; 185 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons.
FOR VENICE.
Africa s—405 bales cotton Ralli Bros.
Trieste s—148 cwts castorseed A Blascheck; 50 bales hemp E Umersey.
FOR LARNACA.
Africa s—5 bales twist E D Sassoon and Co.
FOR FIUME.
Trieste s—1,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros.
FOR HONGKONG.
Bingo Maru s—5,000 cwts bones, R Kaderbhoy; 500 bales twist, Sassoon J David; 400 bales twist M M Essabhai.
FOR SHANGHAI.
Bingo Maru s—260 bales twist, M M Essabhai; 300 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co.
FOR KOBE.
Bingo Maru s—300 bales cotton, K Visram; 1,203 bales cotton, M Busson Kaisha; 2,350 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Trading Co; 500 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co; 850 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 200 bales cotton, Bruel and Co, 200 bales cotton M H Dehdasti; 1,000 bales cotton, M Mahomed; 1,500 bales cotton, H Goculdas.
FOR OSAKA.
Bingo Maru s—950 bales cotton, the Japan Cotton Trading Co.
FOR YOKOHAMA.
Bingo Maru s—500 bales cotton, Mitsui Busson Kaisha; 700 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 1,100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
FOR YOKKAICHI.
Bingo Maru s—500 bales cotton, Mitsui Busson Kaisha: 300 bales cotton, the Japan Cotton Trading Co; 200 bales cotton, Ralli Bros 300 bales cotton Volkart Bros.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 22nd May.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1911-12	£ 17,153,300
Remitted from 1st April 1911 to 20th May 1911, by Council Bills.....	£ 4,678,489
Balance to be remitted from 21st May 1911 to 31st March 1912	£ 12,479,811

Of this sum £1,333,300 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve for investment in Consols.

The consecration of the Anglican Cathedral at Khartoum has been fixed for the 26th January, 1912, and in view of this the work is being pushed on as fast as possible. As soon as the electric light is installed it will be possible to work at night also if necessary. A final estimate just made puts the total cost of the building, exclusive of the tower, at about £27,000, of which £2,300 is still needed.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN;

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard, Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath, and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition, delicately perfumed. Chemists Grocers, etc., sell it.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

KARACHI.
DEATH.
SANDS—May 24, at Karachi, of pneumonic plague, Ernest Sands, City Magistrate, aged 41 years.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.
DEATH.
NEISON—May 21, at Lahore, of enteric fever, Francis Gordon Percival Neison (of Messrs Neison, King and Simson, Chartered Accountants, Lahore and Delhi), eldest son of F G P Neison, Esq., The Hollies, Reigate, Surrey, aged 36 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

English Mail steamer "Salsette" due at 6 a. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, three shows nightly, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Our Star Attractions: "Terror" and "Tontolini."
Skating Rink: Practice Session, Thursdays and Saturdays only 8 to 9 a.m. Evening Sessions, Thursdays only 6 to 8 with "Band. Night Sessions, Saturdays only 9-30 to 11-30 p.m. with Band."

Maxim: "The man who is taking a proper interest in his work is so busy that quitting-time comes before he wants it to."—H. N. Mudge.

ENGLISH MAILS.
DEPARTURE.
The P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour to-morrow.

"PICTURESQUE CEYLON"—To-morrow, Saturday, evening at 9-15 p. m. Mr. H. A. Dennis, Y. M. C. A. Secretary, will give a lantern lecture on Ceylon. As the weather is extremely hot, arrangements have been made for the lecture to be given on the Tennis Court at the back of the Central Building in Wodehouse Road. About 50 slides will be projected by the Y. M. C. A. electric lantern.

A BOMBAY WEDDING.—On Wednesday, Mr Eugene Amstein, Manager of Messrs. A. Mahler of Bombay, was married to Miss Ethel Hollis, daughter of the late Mr. Alfred Burdett Hollis and Mrs. Hollis of London and Bombay. The wedding, at the bride's desire, was very quietly celebrated in consequence of domestic considerations. After the marriage, a reception and breakfast were held at the Apollo Hotel, and to which only a small party of intimate friends was invited. In the afternoon the bride and bridegroom left for Khandalla, where the honeymoon will be spent.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel H. B. Vaughan and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, the Royal Warwickshire Regt., will play the following programme of music commencing at 6 p.m. (S.T.) to-day :—

March.....Light Out.....E McCoy
Valse .....The Old Belfry.....Bernard Phelps
Selection..... ...La Boheme .....Giacomo Piccini
Skipping Rope
Dance .....In the Shadows ...Herman Finck
Fantas'a..... ...Airs of our Indian Empire .....Mackenzie Rogan
Valse .....A Waltz Dream.....Oscar Straus
Selection.....Gaiety Echoes .....Ivan Caryll

DEATH OF MR. J. E. NEALE.

We regret to record the death, at St. George's Hospital about half-past four yesterday morning, of Mr. John Edward Neale, Electrical Engineer to the G. I. P. Railway. The deceased gentleman had been in the service of the Company for about 20 years and for some ten years had been head of his department. He was held in high opinion by the heads of the Railway, being known not only as a remarkably able electrical engineer, but as an officer who had a wide knowledge of railway work in general. He was the inventor of Neale's Patent Ball Token, a device for use in line-blocking apparatus which had been adopted throughout the G. I. P. and several other systems in India.
He had been in bad health for a long time and was admitted to St. George's Hospital in a precarious condition nearly a week ago, where he died from a complication of ailments. His funeral took place at Sewri Cemetery yesterday afternoon and was attended by a large number of officers of the G. I. P. Railway, including nearly all the heads of departments.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. W. R. PENNINGTON, COMMANDING.
Bombay, 26th May.

172 Arms.—Members who have not yet returned their rifles or bayonets must do so before 1st June 1911.
173 Drill Books.—Members who are in possession of drill books, issued from Head Quarters, are requested to return them as soon as possible.
174 General Meeting.—There will be a general meeting at the B. V. A. Club at 7 p.m. on Thursday 1st June 1911, for the purpose of electing a Committee for the B. V. A. Sports Club, and discussing business in connection with Cricket and Football.
All those interested in these games are especially requested to attend.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt. R. A.,
Adjt. B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR P. R. CADELL.
Bombay, 26th May.

417. Musketry.—The Miniature Range at Carnac Road, will be open for competition matches 1 to 6 on Saturday the 27th instant from 2 to 5 p.m.
418. The Ranges at Ghat Kopar are allotted as under :—
Saturday 27th instant—"A Coy All Parts.
Sunday 28th instant—Rifle Club matches 1 to 6
Wednesday 31st instant—Rifle Club matches 1 to 6.
Sunday 4th prox—Rifle Club matches 1 to 6 close.
Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.
419. Enrolments—The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to companies as follows :—No 7131 Vol A Stanley, "F" Coy, No 7132 Cadet C Gawthorne, and No 7133 Cadet S Solomon, "I" Coy.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

NOTICE.
Bombay Vol Rifles Club.
Matches 1 to 6 as under will close on Sunday 4th June 1911, the Corps Ranges at Ghat Kopar are allotted to the Club on Sunday 28th and Wednesday 31st instant and Saturday 3rd and Sunday 4th proximo for Matches 1 to 6 by train leaving Victoria at Terminus 6 a.m.
Match I—Distance 200 yards, Shots eight last 7 to count, Target 3rd Class.
Match II—Distance 100 yards, Shots 5. Position standing. Target Fig 3 5 appearances of 5 seconds each with interval of 5 seconds. Competitors to fire at each appearance or rounds forfeited.
Match III—As in Match II but distance 200 yards and Time 4 seconds exposure and position Kneeling or sitting.
Match IV—500 yards, 8 rounds last 7 to count, Figure target.
Match V—200 yards, 5 shots, Target Wantage, 5 appearances of 5 seconds each.
Match VI—300 yards. Rounds unlimited. Target plate and Figure plate to be knocked down before firing on Target and hits on target only to count.
Rules and programme for season 1911-12 will be issued immediately on receipt from Press.

C. M. WARD, Lieut.
Secy. Bombay Vol Rifles Rifle Club.

A demonstration of the value of the aeroplane in warfare is leading to a demand for the immediate establishment in Australia, of an aerial defence fleet

POLICE COURTS.

PATHAN ASSAULTS POLICEMAN.

RAMPRASAD PRAG, Police Constable No. 1930, arrested on Wednesday, a Pathan named Hyder Asgar at Piroo Lane in connection with some theft at the Docks. After the accused had been arrested, the two were proceeding to the Docks when the accused pulled out a clasp knife and attempted to assault the constable. Seeing the danger he was in, the constable caught hold of the accused's hand, but in doing so he received a cut. The sepoy then closed with the Pathan and in the struggle they both fell. The latter, however, soon got up and it is alleged inflicted several wounds on the sepoy, one of them being five inches long. The passers-by went to the assistance of the sepoy and the Pathan was eventually overpowered. The sepoy was removed to hospital for treatment.

ALLEGED CHEATING.

RAIBAI, a Hindu woman, was placed before Mr. Frank Oliviera, Acting Fourth Presidency Magistrate by Inspector Patterson on a charge of cheating a Parsi lady named Gulbai Bomanji Guard, residing at Dadar, by inducing her to advance money on a chain which she represented to be of gold.
The prosecution case is that, on the night of the 7th instant the accused, whose daughter is employed at the complainant's, went to her house, produced a brass chain which she represented to be made of gold and asked for Rs. 125 on the security of the ornament. The complainant advanced only Rs. 50 and told the accused to come next day. As the accused did not come the complainant became suspicious and had the chain examined by a goldsmith who told her that it was made of brass. The police were informed and the accused was arrested at Wanori in Amednagar District.
Further hearing of the case stands adjourned.

ALLEGED WRONGFUL CONFINEMENT.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Ahmedali Mahomedali and Bal Bandu were charged with wrongful confinement and forcible removal, and in the alternative with disobedience of a judicial order. The case for the prosecution was that the first accused and one Vishvanath Vishnu were rival manufacturers in brass and copper. One Balu Bhikhu was recently sent to Vishvanath's factory under the Workmen's Act, to work for twenty months. On the 24th January last it is alleged the accused met Balu and forcibly removed him to Kelva, Mahim, and there wrongfully confined him. Some days after Balu managed to send a letter to Vishvanath and Balu was released.
Further hearing of the case was adjourned.

ARMS ACT PROSECUTION.

BEFORE Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, Saswar Gulsher, a Mahomedan lad aged about fifteen years, was charged with being in possession of a pistol without a license.
It appeared that at about six in the evening on Wednesday, the accused was seen passing along Don Tad Street with a pistol under his arm. On being questioned by the policeman, the accused stated that his brother had given it to him.
The accused was convicted; considering the youth of the accused, his Worship sentenced him to receive twelve stripes. The pistol was ordered to be confiscated.

CAUSING HURT.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, a Pathan named Ismail Shahbad was charged with voluntarily causing hurt to one Fakir Mahomed by means of a dangerous weapon. It appeared from the evidence that an altercation ensued between the complainant and the accused over some money matter, when the latter struck the complainant with a bamboo stick. The accused pleaded guilty. He was convicted, and as he had previous convictions against him, he was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

A COCAINE CASE.

Mr. P. H. DASTUR, Second Presidency Magistrate, has disposed of the case in which Inspector Mullen of the Excise Department, charged Ramavtar Ramnath, a Purdeshi, with being in possession of 16 grains of cocaine without a license.
On receiving certain information, the Inspector proceeded to the Northbrook-street and there searched the accused when eight packets of cocaine were found concealed in the folds of his cap.
His Worship convicted the accused and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 100 with the alternative of two months' simple imprisonment.

WAGNER'S MEMOIRS.

Gambling Experiences.

Wagner, relating in his memoirs his early experiences, says that when at the age of nine he was introduced to Weber, the latter asked his mother whether the boy was likely to become a musician. His mother replied that, although Richard was perfectly mad about the opera "Der Freischutz," she had never yet noticed anything in him that pointed to musical talent. He was the only one of his family not allowed to learn to play the piano, his mother fearing that if he did so it might awaken his slumbering affection for the theatre. Thus, when his love for music overpowered him, he began to learn secretly, and also devoted himself to the study of harmony, whereby he neglected totally all his school studies.
When he became a student at Leipzig University he plunged into a fighting corps, wore the colours proudly, and narrowly escaped some serious duels. The manner in which Wagner describes what was a tragic episode of his student days, the unsparing way in which he confesses his faults, throws new light upon his character. In simple but exceedingly moving words he tells of the gambling passion that held him like a demon; his long run of ill-luck maddened him; he lost interest in all else but play. Indifferent to the opinion of his former companions, he vanished from their midst, passing night after night with only the lowest [illegible] ts in the small gambling houses of Leipz[illegible] dull apathy he bore the contempt of his [illegible]alie, who like his mother, rarely caught a glimpse of him.
Finally, having lost everything, he used some money he held in trust for his mother, and that too, was swallowed up with the exception of one thaler. Sick in mind and body—he had eaten nothing for hours—he sat through that terrible night distracted. He knew that the thaler represented his whole life and existence, for, that lost, he could never return home, and he saw himself wandering aimlessly in the grey of the morning through the fields and woods—a prodigal son. Suddenly, while on the verge of despair, he won and won again. Mechanically he staked again, and still he won, until there was sufficient to repay all his debt. The warmth that filled his soul and body was, he says, of a sacred nature; he felt that he was not abandoned by God and his angels; he felt a holy presence whispering warning and consolation. He was cured. He went home and slept soundly for hours, and awoke new born.
Deterred by no sense of shame he told his mother of his experience in that momentous night, and returned her money, under acknowledgment of his sin. She folded her hands and thanked God for the grace He had shown her son, and expressed her firm conviction that he was saved, and that temptation would never again assail him. This was actually the case, and Wagner then threw himself with renewed ardour into his musical studies, entering upon a new and serious phase.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
SIMLA, MAY 25.

There are slight indications that the conditions are disturbed over the Arabian Sea at a considerable distance from the West Coast. In Malabar, the rainfall has become lighter, but has extended northwards into the South Konkan. Nearly general rain has fallen in Eastern Bengal, Assam, and Orissa and local rain is reported from the rest of Bengal and Burma.
The chief falls are :—Merg

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Trigonia, 1,055 tons, Captain S G H Hofman, will sail to-day for Rangoon with a general cargo.

The A Lloyd S N Company's steamer Austria, 4,870 tons, Captain G Raicich will sail to-day for Trieste via Karachi with a general and the same bottom cargo and passengers.

The steamer Harpenden, 2,302 tons, Captain A G Cromack arrived here yesterday evening from Calcutta 12th May with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Mexican Prince, 1,953 tons, Captain J C Young arrived here yesterday from Batoum, April 30 with a cargo of bulk oil.

The B I S N Company's steamer Qaeda, 4,944 tons, Captain L Y Archdeacon arrived here yesterday from Calcutta, May 2nd with a general cargo and coal and 11 deck passengers.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

B I M S Investigator...Capt C S Hickman ...Survey St
B I M S Palinurus .....Lt W Taylor .....Survey Vessel

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—May 25.

Brinkburn.....3429 Jelland .....W & A G & Co
Balimba.....1607 Whytehead .....M M & Co
Begonia.....2346 Mathews.....T Jewandas
Claverley.....2440 Kragh .....
Crosby .....2530 Boay .....W & Graham & Co
Daylight (ship)...3598 Byde .....Standard Oil Co
Gymerlo.....2558 Williams .....E Tajbhoy
Harpenden.....2302 Cromack.....
Heim.....753 Eriksen...F F Campbell & Co
Indiana.....2508 Tauzel...W & A Graham & Co
Kilkerran.....2412 Surdon .....M M & Co
Lawada.....2124 Wellingham .....M M & Co
Lowther Range.....2468 Blance...W & A Graham & Co
Madura.....1273 Logan .....M M & Co
Muttra .....2935 Talent .....M M & Co
Maranoa.....805 Kassmurin .....M M & Co
Nawab.....2041 Elliot.....T Morrison & Co
Norkoowa .....1074 Hugo .....M M & Co
Shah Jehan .....2566 Born .....Shah S N Co
Trigonia.....10550 Hofman .....Standard Oil Co
Baron Cawdor.....2764...Fullerton ..W&a Graham & Co
Wardha.....2564 Davidson .....M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—May 25.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Clan Forbes	3502	Beckst.....	Dunkirk...	4-6...	J Finlay & Co
B Hindoo.	3156	Groves...	Hull...	26-5	J Finlay & Co
C&E Trafford Hall	3136	Rood.....	Liverpool...	30-5	K Nixon & Co
D&E Calne.....	3963	Farquharson ...	Antwerp...	10-6...	M M & Co
F York Castle	3167	Mais.....	Hull...	30-5...	W & A G & Co
H Firenzi.....	2029	Primross	Genoa.....	32-5...	B and P S N Co.
K Craigard.....	2128	Barnes.....	Liverpool ...	27-5...	W & A Graham & Co
M Craigvar...	2874	Edmonds...	Amsterdam	23-5...	T Morrison & Co
N Bramley	2783	Ruthen....	Philadelphia ...	1-5 ...	T Morrison & Co
P Duke of York...	1956	Tong	Antwerp	27-5.....	K Nixon & Co
Q Alexandra.....	2484	Reed.....	N F.....	N F.....	T Morrison & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Trieste	3205	Francich...	Trieste...	30-5...	A L S N Co
2 Schoelels.....	3611	Rado.....	Karachi...	31-5	W & A Graham & Co
3 Ivydene.....	2277	Binks	Dunkirk...	31-5...	T Morrison & Co
4 Baralong.....	2361	Secunay ..	Antwerp...	28-5...	W & A Graham & Co
5 Nairn.....	3627	Lassen	Dunkirk...	27-5...	W & A Graham & Co
6 Africa ...	2555	Seberich ...	Trieste 1-6 ...		A L S N Co
8 Praesident.....	2936	Bremer ..	Zanzibar...	27-5.....	A Strandes & Co
9 Bingo Maru.....	3374	Parsons ...	Kobe ...	2-6 ...	N Y Kaisha
10&11 Austria.....	4891	Bainch	Trieste.....	26-5 ..	A L S N Co
13 Persia	4198	Haughton.....	London.....	3-6.....	P and O S N Co
16 Benwood.....	2712	Jackson	Genoa...	31-5...	T Morrison & Co

H W P D

Sarasvati..... 443 Ebrahim .....B'nagar...25-5..... Bo S N Co Ld

ARRIVALS.

May.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
24	Harpenden	Cromack ...	Calcutta, May 12
25	Mexican Prince ...	Young	Batoum, Apr 30
	Queda	Archdeacon ..	Calcutta May 2

DEPARTURES.

May.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
25	Manin	Questa	Calcutta, &c
	Dumra.....	Manley	Persian Gulf, &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearances yesterday :—

Steamer Trigonia, Hofman, for Rangoon.
" Austria, Raicich, for Trieste via Karachi.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Bingo Maru, for Kobe, &c,
" Alexandria, for Liverpool, &c.
" Nawab, for Calcutta.
" Civilian, for Liverpool, &c.
a To arrive.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

May	Vessels.	From
15	Arabiana	London
16	Umfuli	Natal
21	Clan Maclachlan	Liverpool
23	Crowe Hall	Coast
	Fangtarm	Antwerp
	Landaura	Calcutta
	Bengala	Rangoon
	Chilka	Negapatam

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Bohemia, from Bombay, arrived at Suez on the 25th instant morning.

The B I S N Co's steamer Golconda left Aden on the 24th instant.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "City of Lahore," May 28.

The Ellerman Line steamer "City of Lahore," Commander Macpherson, will arrive here at daylight on the 28th instant with the following passengers who will be landed at the Prince's and Victoria Docks should the vessel catch the tide, otherwise they will be landed by steam tender at Ballard Pier :—

FROM LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY.

Beattie, Mr W
Bedell, Mrs E and 2 infts.
Black, Mr A
Brown, Mr J
Dulaya, Mr Walter
Ellis, Mr O J
Nelson Mrs

It is reported that the Postmaster-General has decided not to proceed with his proposal to establish a uniform design for stamps to be used throughout the British Empire. Sir Joseph Ward intimated that the proposal would not be favourably received either in New Zealand or Australia, where opinion is strongly in favour of maintaining in this respect the individual characteristics of the several States. The proposal has also met with an unfavourable reception in Canada.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, a delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery, to the age Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesales Depot, 33 Farringdon Road London, England

Bombay Gazette.

SPLENDID SERIES OF EIGHT

CORONATION ARTICLES.

By a Brilliant Triumvirate :—
The DUKE of ARGYLL
Mr. A. C. FOX-DAVIES
Mr. PHILIP GIBBS

We have arranged for the following series of Special Coronation Articles, which will appear in the columns of the *Bombay Gazette*, as follows :—

May 27th—The Hereditary Coronation Officers

June 3rd—The Coronation Ceremony.

By A.C. Fox-Davies, of Lincoln's Inn, Barrister-at-Law. Editor of Armorial Families and late editor of Dod's Peerage. Author of The Complete Guide to Heraldry, Their Majesties' Court, The Book of Public Arms, &c., &c.

N.B.—Mr. Fox-Davies is recognised as the chief living writer on Heraldry. His first brief was the Norfolk Peerage case, and he was paid a record first brief fee. He made his first speech in public at the bar of the House of Lords. He has been appointed one of the officers for the Coronation ceremony in the Abbey.

[The earlier articles of this series appeared on May 6, 13 and 20.]

June 10th—Westminster Abbey: Its Glories and Eventful History

By Philip Gibbs. Author of The Street of Adventure, &c., &c.

June 17th } Modern Kingship
June 22nd } (Two Articles)

By His Grace the Duke of Argyll, K. T., Hereditary Master of the Royal Household, Scotland ; Keeper of the Great Seal of Scotland ; Governor and Constable of Windsor Castle.

"O.T."

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Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg. ...	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins).	3 10 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)..	3 10 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins).....	3 10 0	per two tins

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 26th May, 1911.

THE INDUSTRIAL FUTURE OF CHINA.

Mr. E. Alsworth Ross, Professor of Sociology in the Wisconkin University, discusses "the Yellow Peril" in the new number of the *Century Magazine*. He dismisses in a word the possibilities of the yellow races swamping the high-waged white societies and of their colossal armies over-marching ours, and asserts as the true peril the development of their industries, with an ocean of labour power to draw on. To his mind, China would appear to be on the eve of a manufacturing development that will not like a continental upheaval in changing the trade-map of the world. His impression is deepened by the tale of industries that have already sprung up. In twenty years the Chinese have established forty-six silk filatures, thirty-eight of them in Shanghai. More than a dozen cotton spinning mills are supplying yarn to native hand-looms. Two woollen mills are weaving cloth for soldiers' uniforms. In Shanghai there are pure Chinese factories making glass, cigarettes, yellow bar-soap, tooth-brushes and roller process flour. The Han-Yang iron and steel works, with five thousand men in the plant and seventeen thousand more mining and transporting its ore and coal, is doubling its capacity, having last spring contracted with an American syndicate to furnish annually for fifteen years, from thirty-six to seventy-two thousand tons of pig-iron to a steel plant building at Irondale on Puget Sound. Contemplating the diligence, sobriety and cleverness of the Chinese, in connection with their immense number and their low standard of comfort, some foresee a manufacturing China turning out quantities of iron, steel implements, ships, machinery and textiles at an incredibly low cost and therewith driving Western goods out of neutral markets and obliging western workmen, after a long disastrous strife with their employers, to take a Chinese wage or starve. Against such a calamity, observes Professor Ross, the industrial nations will be able to protect themselves neither by immigration barriers, nor by tariff walls. But he does fear any immediate catastrophe such as he writes of, as "peering beneath the surface, one descries certain factors which forbid us to believe that the industrial booming of the yellow race is to occur in our time."

It is consoling to have this assurance, and further to be told that it is not likely that the march of industrialism in China will be so rapid and triumphant as many have anticipated. Jealousy of the foreigner, dearth of capital, ignorant labour, official "squeeze," "graft," nepotism, lack of exports and inefficient management will long delay the harnessing of the cheap labour power of China to the machine. Nevertheless, in the second half of the present century, considerable progress will be made. Alas for posterity. But before flooding the markets of the outer world China must first supply the wants of her own people, and even if man for man they have [illegible] more than an eighth of the buying power of Americans, China still offers a market more than half as large as that of the whole United States. Its estimated annual consumption we are told would carpet a roadway sixty feet wide from here to the moon. Owing to the indefinitely expanding market Eastern Asia will afford for the cheaper machine made fabrics, utensils, implements, cutlery, toilet articles and time-pieces to pour forth from the native factories to be established, the evil day is yet distant when the white man's product will be driven from the South American or African fields by the handiwork of the yellow man. Moreover, at the present time, no progress can be made without the assistance of the foreigner, and until China has good engineering and technical schools for training experts of her own. Professor Ross regards the present inefficiency of Chinese undertakings as heart-rending. He refers to the superintendent of construction on a railway as a worthy mandarin, without technical knowledge or experience, who has to rely solely upon his subordinates, and the prominent financier, chosen president of the company, feels himself quite above the vulgar details of management and so delegates the task to some one of less consequence. This gentleman, too, feels above the work and passes it down to someone else. So the big men become figure-heads and the little men run the enterprises.

Until this phase has been got over, China can never compete successfully with the West. So we agree with Professor Ross that not we but our grandchildren will need to keep awake at nights. The recall of Yuan Shi-Kai, of which Reuter tells us to-day, would do much for the regeneration of China, if that statesman were not already in the sere and yellow leaf. He is against nepotism and favouritism and is all for efficiency, but what is one against so many? In China it is regarded as right to find employment for one's relatives whether they understand the work or not. The manager of a Government plant, with which Professor Ross is acquainted, on looking into a department which was going badly, found that thirty-three out of the fifty-five men in that department were relatives of the foreman. Then again, since two years ago, when the Peking-Hankau Railway came under Chinese management, the positions along the line have been filled on the basis of sheer favouritism, with the result of loading the pay-roll with incompetents. "No wonder the ticket-seller regards the crowd at the ticket-window as a nuisence and lets them fume while he chats with his friends. And you may hear the truck manager complain bitterly of having to put in and retain certain relatives of the director who cannot do the work assigned to them." Numerous other illustrations are given by Professor Ross in support of his contention that Chinese industrial development must be slow and its supremacy long in coming. The Land of Broken Promise, he calls it, and until a regeneration of unprecedented magnitude has been effected none of its promises can be fulfilled. In Fukien vast coal seams lie untouched ; the country in the neighbourhood of Swatow is rich in minerals. But what would happen, asks Professor Ross, to a retired Singapore contractor so rash as to embark on a mining venture there? The tribes of the Hakkas in the neighbourhood of the ore deposit would demand something for letting him work it unmolested. The local mandarin would have to be squared. The likin officials would sweat him well before letting his imported machinery go up to the river. Finally, his operations might at any moment be halted by an outbreak of superstitious fear lest they were disturbing the earth dragon and spoiling the luck of the community. The Yellow Peril is of greater danger to the yellow people so far than to the people of the West.

New President of Geographical Society.

In choosing Lord Curzon as its new President, the Royal Geographical Society reverts, after the lapse of a generation, to its practice in former years of selecting distinguished Anglo-Indian administrators to preside over its affairs. Since 1876, when Sir Henry Rawlinson resigned its presidency, the Society had not among its presidents any man with Indian experience. It is not indeed so much his Indian experience which has qualified Lord Curzon for this honour as his renown as a traveller into several less-known countries of Asia. Like his predecessor Rawlinson, he gained a vast knowledge of Persia and Central Asia, and his travels into those regions, undertaken as much with a scientific as with a political object, gained for him in former years the high approbation of the Royal Geographical Society, which bestowed its coveted gold medal on him, especially for his highly important scientific exploration of the little known region of the Pamirs, which has been well called "the roof of the world." He has taken a continuous interest in the affairs and objects of the Society for a long time and was latterly one of its Vice-Presidents, so the new duties of President will hardly find him a stranger. But the duties are rather heavy, and perhaps Lord Curzon may find them in time incompatible with other work. Rawlinson who had only his work at the India Council to look to, found his work as President so heavy that after three years he deemed it indispensable to resign the chair to another distinguished Anglo-Indian, Sir Bartle Frere. The President has among other exacting tasks, to deliver the annual address which is read at the anniversary meeting in May and his discourse generally runs to as many as a hundred pages when printed, as in it is given a comprehensive review of the important geographical work done almost in the whole world during the year. Sir Bartle Frere, active as he was, gave up the post after holding it for ten years and Rawlinson had to come back. Frere had taken great interest in the Society's work from his early days, and though too busy while in India to contribute scientific papers himself, yet he did much to stimulate zeal for exploration among his subordinate officers. He began his Indian career with a piece of work which alone stamped him an an intrepid and adventurous explorer, for he was the first of the Company's civilians to come out by the overland route, for which Waghorn was, in those early days, fighting so enthusiastically and at first with such little success. Frere petitioned the Directors for permission to come out to Bombay by this route and not by the usual one round the Cape, and we read that the magnates of Leadenhall-street met in solemn conclave and held a solemn debate as to whether they should grant the young man's request, which appeared to them so perilous and out of the way, as if it were a great business of State. The consent was given, but very reluctantly and young Frere emerged at the end of a five months' journey by the overland route through strange tracts, at Bombay in such a ragged and begrimed state, that he had actually on arrival to prove his identity to the satisfaction of the authorities here. Lord Curzon's immediate predecessor who has just now retired from the chair is Major Leonard Darwin 'of distinguished father distinguished son.' He is one of the many famous sons of Charles Darwin and has chosen the field of scientific exploration for distinction. He has held this post for only three years. Sir George Taubman Goldie, whom he succeeded in 1908, is famous as the founder of Nigeria, and has done very important services to geographical science in Africa.

Advisory Council for Mysore.

The Government of Mysore has always made itself notable among the Native States of India for its readiness to adopt progressive methods, and an important step which is destined to bring the direction of economic development more under the influence of the Maharajah's subjects has just been announced. Realising that the Representative Assembly is too large and unwieldy a body, with too little time at its disposal to discuss in detail questions affecting agriculture, commerce and industry, which are outside the sphere of immediate legislation, the Government has determined on the formation of a more limited body which will meet annually during the birth-day celebrations in June, and also at other times of the year by special order of His Highness. The conference is to be constituted on a representative basis and will include besides the Dewan as president, the Members of Council and members of the Legislative Council, certain selected heads of departments, selected retired Government officers Deputy Commissioners and six or eight leading non-officials representing agriculture, trade and local interests. This seems a very satisfactory distribution of seats on which at least to commence the work of such a body, and provided that it is summoned to meet on sufficiently frequent occasions, it should be able to afford the responsible officers of Government considerable and valuable assistance. Its functions are clearly defined. It is to concern itself with internal economic affairs only, but amongst these the Government has sketched a comprehensive programme, which will be sufficient to keep the conference busy for some years to come without trespassing beyond its bounds. For example, we may note here, the subjects of encouraging cotton and mulberry cultivation and extending the growth of sugar-cane, the indebtedness of the ryot and his general economic condition, iron and steel manufacture, and industrial development by means of cheap electric power. All educational subjects, including the proposal to establish a local university, will come within its scope and it is also interesting to see that the selection and laying out of a hill station in Mysore is suggested for consideration. The functions of the conference are of course to be purely advisory, but all resolutions which are carried by a two-thirds majority will go to Government as recommendations, and obviously must carry great weight. We congratulate the Mysore Government on this fresh evidence of its progressive policy, believing that given adequate opportunity the new conference will be able to exercise a very beneficial influence on that industrial development, of which Mysore is so capable.

The Bombay correspondent of "Capital" considers that the prospects are favourable that the King-Emperor will consent to pay a flying visit to Kalimati from Calcutta, to open the Tata Iron Works.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Caledonia" with the outward mails of the 19th instant, passed Suez at 3 a.m. yesterday.

During the week ended May 22nd, 113½ chests of opium were removed from warehouse at Bombay, 110½ being shipped to China, and three being purchased by the farmer at Godhra. There was no importation to Bombay.

We understand that Mr. Hari Sitaram Dikshit has offered himself as candidate for the seat left vacant in the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay, by the death of the Hon'ble Rao Bahadur G. V. Joshi. The election is to be by the Municipalities of the Central Division.

On May 21 two Hindus, who were kidnapped about a month ago on the road between Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan, were brought into Delta Khel, by a party of Madda Khel Wazirs. Their original captors had apparently got tired of holding them up for ransom.

H. H. the Rajah of Cochin has decided to depute his Dewan, Mr. A.R. Banerjea, M.A., I.C.S., to London to represent the Cochin Durbar at the Coronation of their Majesties the King-Emperor and the Queen-Empress. Mr. K. Narayana Marar B.A., B.L. Dewan Peishkar will act for the Dewan during the latter's absence.

The "Pioneer's" military correspondent at Home confirms the report that Lieut-General Sir Douglas Haig will be selected for the Aldershot Command when Lieut-General Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien vacates on December next. The correspondent also states definitely that Sir Horace Smith Dorrien will accompany the King-Emperor to India.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending May 20, was 707, giving a death-rate of 37·59 per annum per thousand as against 39·77 the corresponding period of last year, and 49·40 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 58 died from fevers; 163, plague ; 21, smallpox; 9, measles; 1, cholera ; 3, leprosy ; 36, phthisis; 40, diseases of the nervous system ; 142, affections of the respiratory organs ; 41, diarrhœa; 18, dysentery ; 30, still-born ; 67, old age and debility ; 15, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 31; Brahmin, 32; Lingaet, 2; Bhattia, 4; Hindu of other caste, 328 ; Hindu low caste, 85; Musalman, 165; Parsee, 22; Jew, 2; Native Christian, 30; Eurasian, 3; European, 1; Negro-African, 1; and Buddhist 1. The total number of births was 338 as against 336 for the corresponding period of last year, and 315 the average over the past five years.

It appears there is such a keen desire in New Zealand, to join the Contingent that will represent the Colony at the Coronation of His Majesty, that the authorities have found it necessary to select from several hundred applicants a very limited number of men from each district as the total contingent sailing under the command of Major Johnston will only number 60. The final selection will accordingly be by ballot. On the arrival of the Contingent in England, Major Johnston, who accompanies them, will transfer his command to Lieut.-Col. Bauchop who was with the New Zealand Contingent throughout the South African War.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

THE SPEAKER'S SILVER WEDDING.

Prince Alexander of Teck.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MAY 5.

Twice during the early days of this session tributes were paid to the justice, impartiality, and unfailing courtesy of the Speaker of the House of commons. Another striking proof of the popularity of Mr. Lowther was afforded by the presentation of silver wedding gifts to the right hon. gentleman and Mrs. Lowther in the Lobby shortly before the sitting of the House on Wednesday afternoon. Members of all shades of political opinion assembled to support the four leaders of parties who were to voice the congratulations of the whole assembly, and the scene in the Lobby was probably unique in the history of the House. Ministerialists, Unionists, Irish Nationalists, and members of the Labour party were for once in complete and hearty agreement, and the applause bestowed upon the graceful words of each speaker showed the universal respect in which Mr. Lowther is held. A small, crimson-carpeted dais had been erected in the corner of the Lobby near the entrance to the Unionist Whips' room. To this the Speaker and Mrs. Lowther were conducted after they had been very warmly greeted by the many friends who had awaited their arrival. Sir Edward Grey followed. The Foreign Secretary was asked to make the presentation to the Speaker in place of the Prime Minister, whose absence was due to a bereavement. Mr. Balfour and Mr. Ramsay MacDonald had seats side by side, and when Mr. Redmond took his place on the platform the cordiality with which the leader of the Nationalists and the leader of the Opposition shook hands served to illustrate the happy personal feelings which prevail among members of rival political parties. The speeches were short, but they were couched in language admirably chosen to show the high regard of all sections of the House for the Speaker. Mr. Redmond's remarks were, perhaps, most heartily received. The member for Waterford pointed out that twenty years ago, it would have been impossible for a leader of the Nationalist party to have taken part in such a ceremony and he hoped the participation of the Irish members would be taken as public testimony of their appreciation of the unvarying kindliness, impartiality, and justice of Mr. Lowther.

COSTUME SKATING FETE.

Prince Alexander of Teck is indefatigable in his efforts to endow the Middlesex Hospital as a memorial of his brother, the late Prince Francis of Teck, and on Monday night, a costume skating fete, organised mainly by his Serene Highness, took place at Maida-vale Rink, which proved a pleasant and gay as well as a highly successful method of furthering the scheme. The scene on the arrival of Prince and Princess Alexander was very animated. They were accompanied by Princess Louise of Battenberg and the party were received by the Mayor and aldermen of the borough of Paddington, wearin their robes. Princess Alexander wore a black sof satin dress, the bodice finished with a collar and sleeves of beautiful old lace, while round her hair was a deep band of ivy leaves in diamonds. The Countess of Bessborough and Viscount Duncannon were with the Prince and Princess, who took a great interest in the brilliant scene on the rink below. Fancy dresses were many and varied. One which seemed specially appropriate was a representation of the Middlesex Hospital, in white and pale blue satin, with a miniature nurse and ward bed arranged as a headdress, and having a picture of Prince Alexander painted on the front. A white fairy, with silver legs, looked like a powder-puff as she swung along in the spirited two-step with a tall Mephistopheles a fairy in bad company, if not a bad fairy. "Votes for women" was worn as a soft sandwich by one skater whose placard announced also that Mr. Churchill had sent men suffragists to gaol. Harlequin glided about in glittering array. A Rajah skated with a blue pierette. The humorous costumes included an enthusiastic beginner who might have been a surgical patient of the Middlesex. He used a crutch and one leg as a means of progression, and had one arm in a sling, yet skated on his one roller as swiftly as a boy on the pavement. A scarecrow was very good, his costume being a marvel of realism, and the skaters, if not the crows, gave him a wide berth. There were monks and merry widows pierrots and fatimas, the latter giving admirable opportunity for exploiting harem skirts! peasants of all nations, men in armour, cavaliers, Georgian courtiers, and flower girls.

TRAITOR OR TRUE LOVER?

Mademoiselle Thirion, who has been taken into custody by the Cologne police, appears to be either a very accomplished spy or a victim of an immoderate appetite for romance. This young lady, who is a Parisian by birth, and is said to be remotely related to the French Premier, M. Monis, was nominally earning a livelihood by initiating ladies and gentlemen moving in military circles into the mysteries of her native tongue, and as her clientele was a large one, no doubt found this occupation quite profitable. Among her pupils, however, was an officer who, at her bidding, laid before her a much more interesting document than the exercises and translations proper to their tutorial relationship, namely, a copy of one of the German mobilisation schemes, which he had abstracted from the fortress of Wesel. The fact that she had gained possession of this jealously-guarded secret came to the knowledge of the authorities, and she was promptly arrested. But, while evidently unable to deny the fact, she had a much more innocent interpretation of it than that which had naturally suggested itself to the minds of her accusers. Her account of the matter is that the perilous task which she set her accomplice was merely intended to be a touchstone of his love. He had, she declares, sought her hand in marriage, and to test the strength of his affection and the measure of his devotion, she called upon him to prove false to his military oath, and court a risk more terrible than that of death, assured, as she puts it, that if he did this for her sake he would show himself to be "a true character." How far this ingenious explanation will help to get her out of her scrape remains to be seen. The military authorities are, as usual, very reticent about the affair, and is always possible that the imaginative powers which the story reveals may have been exercised in the telling as well as in the making of it.

AMERICAN COLLEGE GIRLS.

College education is often regarded as a mere means to an end. Every girl, however, who has gone through the regular course at one of the American institutions has not found that her education has made it possible for her to earn her living in professional ranks. The practical outlook on life has come to the assistance of many of those enterprising women. Instead of starving on the edge of the artistic world, or the medical, or in place of learning to know physical hunger as an adherent of the life literary, number of them have made use of their training and education to establish themselves in trade in a most satisfactory manner. Groups of these clever girls have discussed possibilities, and have noted for themselves that there are not openings for them in the world they would fain have entered. Compelled thus to realise that it is given to the few to make a real success of professional life, they have raised an interesting question. Is it not advisable that a well-educated woman should earn her living by applying her culture, her trained intellect, and her balanced mind to something profitable in the way of trade? Thus a couple of college girls run a laundry that is a money-making concern simply because they have set themselves to find out what people require from a laundry, and to meet their wishes Americans eat far more cake and candy than English people do, and they are much more particular than their cousins in this country. This taste has sufficed for a group of college girls. Indeed, more than one cake and candy business is carried on with immense success by students who did not learn to make cakes at college, but whose home training provided them with the first principles and science did the rest. Flower gardens in which special blossoms are grown and wherever new ones are substituted to meet the taste of people who are epicures in flowers provide good incomes for many a clever woman. Special vegetables are also thus grown sometimes, in fashionable circles, it is considered good style to have just that growth from that very garden placed on the table. Chicken farms are made profitable, and sterile eggs, each marked with the name of the farmer yield large incomes to woman who study their production. It is modish at one period to put only brown eggs on the table; again fashion leans to white ones, and the clever farmer studies these idiosyncrasies. Little shops are organised where babies and children's clothes of the most dainty are sold in surroundings quite as attractive to luxurious women as any of the fashionable shops, and college women too, who know as well as most others readily start shops for curious picture reproductions and modern jewellery.

THE PROFESSIONAL GUIDE.

Foreign travel avails many of them as a means of money-making. Most important of all is the profitable business of chaperone or guide to a party of young girls. The education of the college woman is invaluable for such expeditions ; American parents readily recognise the fact, and reward it accordingly. A chaperone is often sent to German, French, or Italian centres with young girls who are studying music or painting, or with students who are just sent to schools to acquire languages. These live in rooms or a flat with their chaperon, and attend classes. American girls proudly tell how they managed to earn their trip to Europe, and drifted into the business of travelling to Paris or London for the purpose of making special purchases of any kind for people who cannot spare the time, or who do not wish to cross the ocean, but who are quite willing to pay a large percentage. One woman has such a knowledge of curios that she is readily employed, her last search having been for carved wood for decorative building. An American girl who could not sell her own pictures in Paris, does well as a copyist. A college girl does not disdain to tell how she made an immense business for herself. She had a sister employed in a store in the little town in which her home was situated. All the girls in the shop wore dainty aprons, so as she happened to be deft with her fingers she made this sister an originally designed one. Every other girl in the place envied the novel trifle, and after a good deal of talking and considering the talented designer set about making more. She has a large business now, and employs neat-handed girls to assist her. Needless to say, she has added other novelties besides aprons to her stock. Almost any homely industry in the hands of a clever woman with original ideas may be utilised by the trained college women for business purposes.

There is many a woman who will be eager to know if the Parisienne still wears the tight skirt, and if the jupe culotte is to have a vogue. So far in my wanderings through the world of Paris and in various visits to the salons of the couturiers, I have found no examples of the jupe-culotte. Its influence, however, is to be noted here and there. For some of the more exaggerated models are arranged with the material very full at the waist and then drawn in and turned under and caught up at the feet. The effect of such treatment is very suggestive of Turkish trousers, except that both feet emerge through one opening. To understand the idea properly, however, it must be realized that his one opening is little wider than that given to each leg in the Turkish trouser, so that to walk with any freedom must be an impossibility. Altogether the design is one which will not, I think, have any vogue among women of breeding. The idea of slitting up the skirt at the side or in the middle of the front is no less curious than the craze for the Turkish trousers. It is a freakish idea, a whim of the couturiere, suggested no doubt by some hint of the Directoire period. But it is a whim which may be reckoned with, for it is characteristic of too many of the newest models to be altogether ignored. The slit is discreetly made, and is just sufficient to show the neat ankle in its fine silk stocking. Moreover it gives that freedom for which many a woman in her ultra-narrow skirt must often have secretly longed. In some instances the slit is only on one side. In less fantastic types of dress the skirt is still narrow, but there is a pleasing tendency to widen it. This is continually expressed in the panels and tunics with which even the costume tailleur is decorated ; and again in the complex draperies which veil the more elaborate of the afternoon dresses. So that, though the under-dress may still measure, but a minimum of inches, the over-dress, no matter what form it may take, gives a suggestion of width and fulness. Meanwhile it may be useful to note that though the small hat will be modish, it will not be to the detriment of the larger type ; and the latter will be wider than ever.

DISAPPEARANCE OF THE JUPE CULOTTE.

A correspondent writes to the "Times":—None but the most prosaic temperament could have remained unstirred by the beauty of Paris in the early days of last week. The magic of spring was to be felt everywhere. Through Jardin and Bois and Boulevard she had lately passed, and had touched elm and beech and chestnut, quickening them with life, until the whole city was clad in a vestment of unshadowed green. All this glad beauty newly revealed beneath a sky of abundant blueness could not fail to be reflected in the mood of the Parisienne, always susceptible to Nature's changes. And her note of gaiety and freshness seemed to pervade the atmosphere and deepen the sense of spring's arrival.

La froidure paresseuse
De l'hiver a fait son temps ;
Voici la saison joyeuse
Du delicieux printemps

was the essence of her song; and she illustrated it not only by the gaiety of her spirits, but by the gaiety and freshness of her attire. By the gaiety of her dress I do not mean that she chose brilliant colours. For, having learned the charm of dark blue, she still holds it in favour; and if she discards it, some quiet tone such as grey, or even sombre black, will often take its place. So there is nothing bizarre about the colour of her dress. The idea of gaiety is more subtly suggested by the use of white; and it is the prevalence of white which also produces the wonderful effect of freshness. White wings or fantasies, white aigrettes, and even white flowers crown the hats both large and small. White cloth or ribbed silk faces the wide revers of the smart little coats. And to complete this note, this spring-like note, of freshness the Parisienne finishes every toilette with a pair of white kid gloves. It is this predominant note of white which at once seizes the attention in a first survey of modes as now being worn in Paris. When one compares them with models of the dress of to-morrow the note becomes less persistent. Certainly the white chemisette or the narrow guimpe are to be seen on many a corsage ; but the revers on the little coats are more often designed in colour or are faced with their own material. Later in the season brighter colours will obtain for

SOUTH AFRICAN SETTLEMENT.

MR. POLAK PRAISES THE COMPROMISE.

Redress now Sought for other Grievances.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 24.

Concerning the recent compromise on the position of Indians in South Africa, Mr. Polak considers it statesmanlike. The Government has generously accepted the Indians' pledges, which the Asiatic leaders believe will be fulfilled in the spirit, as well as in the letter. The Indians now seek the removal of grievances affecting the resident community, such as the ownership of fixed property, the disabilities of the Gold Law and the location question.

Mr. Polak expressed the obligations of Indians to the Imperial and Indian Governments and the British Committee.

THE PARLIAMENT BILL.

Government Adheres to its Provisions.

LONDON, MAY 24.

In the House of Lords to-day, the Archbishop of Canterbury made an earnest appeal for compromise on the Veto question.

Lord Loreburn said there was no prospect of a compromise on the Parliament Bill, but there were hopeful signs that there might be matter for consent hereafter if the Liberals were given real equality of opportunity for passing measures through a re-constructed House of Lords.

Fresh relations between the two Houses might hereafter be established by common consent. The Government would not depart from the Bill, however, at the present stage of the crisis.

THE INSURANCE BILL.

"A Bold Experiment."

LONDON, MAY 24.

Mr. Buxton, proposing in the House of Commons the second reading of Mr. Lloyd George's Insurance Bill, said they were all agreed on the principle of the Bill. It might give rise to considerable controversy as regards its details, but the Government believed it to be water-tight and workable. The provisions concerning unemployment were not only palliative, but also preventive. They might be a bold experiment, but were certainly not hazardous as they had been thoroughly weighed.

INDIAN WRESTLER'S SUCCESS.

Ahmed Bux Defeats Riaz.

LONDON, MAY 25.

At the Crystal Palace, yesterday, the Indian wrestler, Ahmed Bux, defeated the Swiss wrestler, Riaz, for £50 a side under catch-as-catch-can rules. Each man weighed 14 stone pounds.

Riaz was plucky and clever, but the Indian was stronger and quicker. The first fall was gained in one minute, six seconds, and the second in three minutes, nineteen seconds. There were 4,000 spectators.

PRINCE OF WALES' VISIT TO GERMANY.

LONDON, MAY 25.

The *Berliner Post* states that it is expected that the Prince of Wales will attend the Imperial manœuvres in the autumn.

GERMANY AND JAPAN.

The Commercial Arrangement.

BERLIN, MAY 24.

The Reichstag has passed the first reading of the provisional Japanese commercial arrangement. The measure has been referred to a committee.

SITUATION IN PORTUGAL.

Official Assurances.

LONDON, MAY 25.

The *Daily News* publishes a telegram from the Portuguese Foreign Minister, declaring that the rumours of an impending counter-revolution are unfounded, and are merely the death-rattle of the enemies of the Republic.

The following telegram, from Lisbon, has been received by the Governor-General of Portuguese India at Goa:—

"Governor, Goa.—Complete tranquillity. False rumours—Minister."

ENGLISH CRICKET.

LONDON, MAY 24.

Kent to-day defeated Middlesex at Lords, by 172 runs.

Yorkshire defeated Worcestershire at Dudley, by ten wickets.

Warwickshire defeated Leicestershire at Birmingham, by nine wickets.

Derbyshire defeated Lancashire at Manchester, by two runs.

Cambridge University defeated Sussex at Cambridge, by 41 runs.

Essex leading on the first innings, drew with Surrey at the Oval.

BRITISH CAPITAL IN THE COLONIES.

Preferential Rate of Interest.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 25.

Sir Edgar Speyer, yesterday, addressed the Liberal Colonial Club on the Export of Capital.

Sir Edgar said he anticipated the continuance of the great prosperity of the Empire, which, he said, was largely due to Britain supplying the dominions, with abundant capital at a lower rate of interest than to their competitors, the dominions, thus benefiting to the extent of ten millions yearly.

Mr. Asquith, who presided, said this was a far more fruitful form of Imperial Preference than the recent devices for restoring Protection.

INTERNATIONAL SEAMEN'S STRIKE.

Men Warned to be Ready.

LONDON, MAY 25.

The secretaries of the various branches of the Seamen's Union, who have been interviewed, have declared that the men are splendidly organised. Posters are being exhibited in the ports of Britain, Europe and America, warning the men to watch for the signal to strike. The date is kept secret. It will probably be early in June, but not in Coronation week.

EURASIAN EDUCATION FUND

Meeting at Lansdowne House.

LONDON, MAY 25.

The first meeting of the Council of the Education Fund for Europeans and Eurasians in India, was held at Lansdowne House yesterday, Lord Lansdowne presided.

Resolutions were passed inviting subscriptions from military officers and civilians in India, the directors and shareholders in Indian railways and banks and all industrial and commercial firms doing business with India, also from Peers and Commoners; further, that the attention of the Colonial Premiers in England be drawn to the movement.

THE BEACHED CUNARDER.

Removal of Passengers.

LONDON, MAY 24.

Tenders have taken off 728 passengers of the Cunard steamer "Ivernia".

The passengers were at lunch, when they felt a terrific shock. They were soon all on deck. The vessel hung only a short time on the rock. Immediate precautions were taken. The bulkheads were shut, and the water confined to the forehold.

THE CORONATION.

Aviation over London to be Stopped.

LONDON, MAY 24.

Mr. Winston Churchill has announced that in view of the danger of aeroplaning over London during the period of the Coronation festivities, a short provisional Bill will be introduced in a few days, pending detailed legislation.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Date for Investiture Fixed.

LONDON, MAY 25.

Mr. Lloyd George also attended in connection with the investiture of the Prince of Wales at Carnarvon. The King signed the proclamation for the investiture to take place on July 18th. That day will be kept as a bank holiday throughout Wales.

CHINESE POLITICS.

PEKING, MAY 24.

The Government is conducting semi-official negotiations with Yuan Shih-kai with a view to his re-appointment.

Yuan-Shih-kai stipulates for the complete withdrawal of the opposition of the Dowager-Empress to him.

The Cabinet is apparently working satisfactorily.

Lu Cheng Hsiang, ex-Minister to Holland, will shortly proceed to St. Petersburg to negotiate for the revision of the treaty of 1881

ARBITRATION MOVEMENT.

Japan Prepared to Join in Negotiations.

TOKIO, MAY 25.

Official circles state that Japan is prepared to participate in the negotiations in connection with a general Arbitration Treaty suggested by the United States.

THIRD ROYAL COURT.

Maharajahs of Bikanir and Cooch Behar Received.

LONDON, MAY 25.

King George and Queen Mary held their third Court, yesterday evening; Their Majesties having previously received the Maharajah of Bikanir and the Maharajah of Cooch Behar.

IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.

The Question of Defence.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 25.

The Imperial Conference, to-day, resumed discussion on the suggested Imperial Council. all the Premiers spoke regarding the importance of the matter. They decided, however, that they were unable to go as far as Sir Joseph Ward; consequently the proposal was not carried.

The Conference, in the afternoon, proceeded to other items on the New Zealand Agenda.

The question of defence will be considered to-morrow.

LORD CREWE.

Resumes Office of Secretary of State for India.

LONDON, MAY 25.

At a Privy Council held at Buckingham Palace, to-day, the King restored the seals of office to Lord Crewe, who resumes forthwith, the Secretaryship of State for India.

MEXICAN REVOLUTION

President Diez Pressed to Resign.

NEW YORK, MAY 25.

Riots have broken out in Mexico City in consequence of the refusal of President Diaz to resign before Thursday. In a collision with the rioters, the troops and police fired, killing and wounding many rioters. Rioting is also reported from Tehuantepec, Guadaljara and Zacatecs.

ABYSSINIA.

King Menelik's Successor.

LONDON, MAY 25.

It is stated in Rome that a message from Addis Abeba, according to which Lidj Jeassu, the grandson of Menelik, and heir to the throne, had been solemnly proclaimed Emperor, is incorrect. It is said, however, that Lidj Jeassu fulfils the functions of Menelik.

INDIAN POLITICAL SERVICE.

Final Reorganisation Orders Expected Soon.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 25.

Private information has reached Simla that proposals for the reorganisation of the Indian Political Department has been finally settled by the India Office. It may be recalled that several questions were asked in the House of Commons by Earl Rolandshay on the subject and possibly the decisions of the Secretary of State would remove all reasonable cause of grievances. No announcement has yet been made on the subject in Simla.

ROADS FOR AFGHANISTAN.

Diversion of Revenue Causes Discontent.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 25.

A correspondent who has opportunities for learning the course of events at Kabul, confirms the report that the Amir is resolved to make a network of roads all over Afghanistan. The diversion of money for this purpose is said to have caused some discontent among the Durbar officials, as the ordinary services are being starved, and even military expenditure has been put down, an unusual procedure, as the Army generally is held to have the first claim over the public revenue.

INDIAN TROOPS FOR CHINA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MAY 25.

The R. I. M. steamer "Hardinge" arrived in Karachi, yesterday, and will leave for Hongkong and Chinwangtoo at 10 a.m., on Saturday, with the 124th Baluchistan Infantry for Chinwangtoo, and a detachment of the 126th Baluchistan Infantry for Hongkong.

ROBBERY IN A MARWARI'S HOUSE.

Arrest of a Priest and Servant.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 25.

The Jorabagan police arrested this morning a priest and a servant of a Marwari who had about ten days ago robbed their master of cash and jewelley to the extent of Rs. 12,000. The master had so much confidence in them as they had been in his employ since childhood, that he refused the police to challenge them. Subsequently at the instance of the Marwari's brother, the police challenged them when the priest confessed and produced the stolen property. The accused rifled an iron safe in the very room in which they slept and had some implements strewn about the room to ward off suspicion. The accused await trial.

SPURIOUS COINS.

Arrest of a Bengali.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, MAY 25.

The Calcutta police on Tuesday night arrested a Bengali on suspicion of his being in possession of spurious coins. On being searched at the Thana some coins cut by the Currency Office were found on him. His house being searched thirty-nine rupees and some small change in silver were found, which though genuine had lost weight by age and handling. The man said he was a money changer and dealt mostly in old coins, these coins are sold to many money-changers for a small deduction, but money changers can have them cashed for full value provided they are not spurious. Police enquiry is proceeding.

RIOTS IN KHULNA.

Unrest Continues in Jessore District.

AN AUTHENTIC ACCOUNT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 25.

The following is a detailed and, I believe, an authentic account of the recent Namsudra-Mussalman riots in Khulna:—The trouble started on Saturday last, and it appears to have originated with the Mahomedans who started looting the Namsudras' villages, bordering on Jessore in a spirit of revenge. The quarrel between the two classes is one of old standing dating back to last September, when a case, in which the Namsudras were charged with having set fire to a Mahomedan village, was dismissed in the Sessions Court. There were minor riots at the time, but, eventually, there arose another cause of dispute. The Mahomedans are alleged to have cut paddy on a disputed piece of land at Baranal, whereupon, the Namsudras of Sachidah and the neighbouring villages are said to have looted the houses of these Mahomedans. This aroused all the suppressed feeling that the Mahomedans had harboured since September last, and they seem to have decided to start a campaign against the Namsudras.

OUTBREAK OF THE DISTURBANCE.

On Saturday morning, news was received by Mr. Farmer, Superintendent of Police, Khulna, that serious rioting was in progress at Pachidar, and he proceeded to the place with thirty men of the armed police. On arriving at Sachidah in the afternoon, he heard that the Mahomedans had looted a village four miles away and made for this village. The Namsudras lined the banks of the river crying that their homes had been looted. On their arrival at the village, the police party learnt that the Mahomedans suspected of looting it had left. A party of constables was sent in pursuit, and, after a chase of three or four miles, twenty-four of the Mahomedans were captured. Several spears, which had evidently been thrown away by the retreating party, were also found.

On Sunday, the Superintendent of Police, received a report that Mahomedans in large numbers were advancing to plunder Padabila, but, on going there, he found that the report was unfounded in as much as there were no Mahomedans there, although they were said to have gone as far as a neighbouring village and then turned back. A report about another village named Potla also proved false.

HOUSES MARKED OUT.

It was evident, however, that they had intended to loot these villages and also that the Namsudras' house were only to be attacked as the houses of the other castes were marked out by flags. The Mahomedans, when on these expeditions, came in numbers variously estimated at from one to two thousand. In the villages, the attacked Namsudras made no effort to defend their houses and the raiders were able to do as they liked. The damage done in the Khulna District is not, however, great. The villages attacked are Pillanagar, Arpun, Balardhins, Salikdar, and Bhavanipore, and some fifty Mahomedans are named as the attackers. It is alleged, however, that a large proportion of the Mussalmans within a radius of 20 miles have taken some part in the movement and it is difficult therefore to identify individual persons.

TROUBLE IN JESSORE DISTRICT.

So far as the Khulna District is concerned, the rioting is over and the district has been quiet since Monday, but in the Jessore District the rioting has been much more serious. Ten or twelve villages are said to have been looted. About fifty miles away from headquarters, there are also said to have been cases of arson by a party of armed Mahomedans in the neighbourhood of Jagana. These were pursued in the early morning of Sunday, by armed police, but they got away. The most serious case occurred in the Jessore District, where a *pucca* house of the leader of the Namsudras, named Umesh Chandra Sardar or Biswash, was attacked by a large crowd of Mahomedans. All the outbuildings were set fire to and burnt to the ground, and an attempt was also made, but unsuccessfully, to fire the house itself. In connection with this case, two men named Hatem Maulvi, President of the Atlia Union, Khulna, and Hussein Sheik, another well-to-do Mahomedan of Khulna, were arrested.

It is alleged that they rode about on ponies directing the operations. Only one man was injured during the rioting and he is a Mahomedan of a village in the Jessore District. He was not seriously hurt.

One inspector, two sergeants and seventy men of the armed police arrived at Sachidah on Tuesday, but they are not wanted there and will probably be sent to Jessore District, where the rioting does not seem to have yet subsided.

POLICE IN E. BENGAL AND ASSAM.

Dismissals from Service.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 25.

The following police officers of the Rangpur district have been dismissed from the service by the Inspector-General of Police of Eastern Bengal and Assam, since 1910, for bribery, extortion, misconduct and falsifying diaries:—Peary Lal Pal, Sub-Inspector, Kotwali and Nakuleswar Bhattacharjee, Head Constable of Kotwali against whom a bribery case was decreed by the Subordinate Judge and was upheld by the High Court; Raghunath Rae, Sub-inspector, Nageswari, for misconduct on board a Saraght ferry steamer; Nishikant, Head Constable, Chilmari, convicted of bribery; Shrikant Bose, Sub-inspector, Mahigang, for not recording the first information in a cognizable case; Tabar Ali, Sub-Inspector, Govind Ganj Police Station, convicted of extortion and wrongful confinement by the Senior Deputy Magistrate of Rangpore, which was upheld by the Sessions Judge. The High Court having ordered a retrial in this instance, the case is pending before Maulve Chanyanuddin Ahmed, Deputy Magistrate.

YOUNG MAHARAJAH OF JODHPUR.

Likely to Visit England.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 25.

Sir Partab Singh and the Maharajah of Jodhpur will probably leave for England by this week's mail steamer. Captain Strong, 10th Hodson's Horse, Inspecting Officer, Imperial Service Cavalry and Transport in Rajputana, will accompany the young Maharajah as guardian and tutor.

AFGHAN GUN-RUNNING CARAVANS.

Rumoured Return to Helmand Valley.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 25.

The *Pioneer* says: "It is now believed that the Afghan caravans which were making for the Mekran Coast last month to pick up rifles and ammunition from Muskat turned northwards and are retracing their steps to the lower Helmand Valley. The information upon which the belief is based may be only partly correct, for it is difficult to get really trustworthy news from south-west Baluchistan, but the probability is that the Khalifa leaders had to admit another failure and that they are anxious to begin their return journey even though they have no consignments of arms to carry back with them.

LAHORE, MAY 25.

The Frontier correspondent of the *C. and M. Gazette* states that a small body of Adamkhel Afridis were returning last week from Kabul with some pistols and magazine rifles and two mule loads of catridges, probably obtained from the Persian Gulf caravan. News of the party reached the Lawargai Shinawaris from Dakka and an ambush was posted for them at Dandao. The Adamkhel Afridis lost one killed and one wounded and all their store of catridges was captured.

TURF BETTING CASE IN POONA.

Charge of Accepting Bets on Home Races.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, MAY 25.

A case of considerable importance to bookmakers doing business in this country came up for hearing to-day before Major V. de V. Hunt, Cantonment Magistrate, when Inspector Fleming of the Poona Cantonment charged Messrs. Pearce and Co., Turf Accountants, with accepting commissions on English races. The defendants, who were represented by Messrs. L. J. Apte and V. V. Karandikar, pleaders, asked that the case should be taken "in extenso" as it might be necessary to make it a test case. This procedure was followed, the evidence being recorded in full.

Inspector Fleming, in the course of his evidence, deposed to the fact that Messrs. Pearce and Co. did large business, their transactions for the Bombay racing season amounting to something like Rs. 25,000 and their books showing that their business had been carried on since 1908. Other witnesses deposed to taking starting price bets on various English races, including the Derby, one straight out bet recorded being Rs. 400 to 200 against Sunstar win and 200 to 400 on for a place for the Derby. The evidence for the prosecution having been led, the cross-examination of the witnesses was reserved, the further hearing being adjourned to 31st May.

ANGLO-INDIAN LEAGUE.

Progress in Burma.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MAY 25.

An annual general meeting of the Burma Branch of the Anglo-Indian Empire League was held last night with Mr. H. Elsie in the chair. There was a large attendance. The report read, showed steady progress of the League, the membership increased by 111, making a total of 263, though the finances are in a fairly good condition, yet the Committee had to retrench expenses in all sides; special efforts of the Committee were directed towards education. The scheme to organise a co-operative stores for the benefit of members had to be shelved as the funds were not available. Arrangements are being made to start branches of the League in the important districts of Burma. Reference was made during the year by the Government to the Committee regarding preparation of Anglo-Indian seamen. As the Committee was not empowered then to address the Government the matter was referred to Bombay. The General Council replied in favour of the proposal.

Mr. A J Cooke, one of the Committee members, in moving the adoption of the report, dwelt on the necessity of combination, co-operation and unity among the Leagues. What they wanted was to be free, disfranchised citizens with some privileges of representation on the Councils which have been extended to Hindus and Mahomedans.

PLAGUE IN KARACHI.

Death of Mr. Sands.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MAY 25.

Mr. E. Sands, City Magistrate, Karachi, who was removed to the plague hospital on Thursday last, died last night of pneumonic plague.

JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER OF OUDH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 25.

Under Section 6 of the Oudh Civil Courts' Act, 1879 (8 of 1879) the Governor-General in-Council has sanctioned the appointment of Mr. B. Lindsay, I.C.S., officiating First Additional Judicial Commissioner, to officiate as Judicial Commissioner of Oudh during the absence of Mr. L. G. Evans, I.C.S., on one month's privilege leave in June next.

THE AMIR'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MAY 25.

It is understood that the Amir will remain in Kabul for the present. He is, however, making preparations for an another extended tour in the course of which he will probably visit Turkestan, Herat and Kandahar, returning to Kabul via Gazni.

SIMLA HILL JAM INDUSTRY.

To be Put Under Municipal Control.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 25.

Simla Hill-jam, in which an extensive trade is carried on with the plains, has been a menace to public health and the Municipal Committee has decided to place the jam factories under strict Municipal control. Inspection licenses, free of charge, will be granted to the factory owners and these are liable to forfeiture and a fine for non-compliance with the bye-laws.

FORGING AN INSURNCE. DISCHARGE.

Liability of the Company.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MAY 25.

A case of interest, both to the Insurance Companies and the policy holders, was heard to-day before Mr. Justice Ormand in the Chief Court on a revision from the decree of the Judge of the Small Causes Court, dismissing the plaintiff's suit for recovery of Rs. 1,000 from the China Mutual Life Insurance Company, Limited, on the life policy of the plantiff's son. The assured, a Burmese Inspector of Land Records, took out a policy for Rs. 2,000 in March 1907 nominating his mother, the plaintiff in this suit, as future recipient of one thousand and his son of another thousand. He died four months later, and shortly after this the plaintiff applied for payment, and discovered that another individual had forged her name and had received one thousand and had decamped. After a lengthy correspondence between the parties, the Manager of the defendant Company undertook the prosecution of the forgerer, but having done nothing for one year this suit was filed by the plaintiff. The defendants then filed a written statement raising a point for the first time that under Condition 7 at the back of the policy, no suit to recover the money shall be brought for one year from the death of the assured.

The Judge of the Lower Court held that the condition was perfectly reasonable and valid and the plaintiff was bound by the condition. It was argued before Mr. Justice Ormand that the condition in the policy could not override the provisions of Section 28 of the Indian Contract Act, which was expressly passed to protect persons in India from the conditions in a policy which would limit time. Besides, under Article 86 of the Limitation Act, the time given to bring the action on insurance policy was three years. The Judge agreed with counsel that Section 28 of the Contract Act clearly made the condition here in dispute void and remanded the case to the Small Causes Court for trial on its merits.

PLEADER'S EARS ORDERED TO BE PULLED.

High Court Censure.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MAY 25.

At the High Court, this afternoon, Justices Caspersz and Sharfuddin disposed of an interesting ear-pulling case. In this case four Mahomedans, accused of rioting, wanted the transfer of their case from the file of Mr. D Chatterjee, Deputy Magistrate of Shazadpur in the Pabna District. It was alleged that on the 14th April the trying Magistrate ordered one Hayatullah, who was looking after the case on behalf of the defence, to be brought before the magistrate and told him to pull his own ears seven times which being done he was ordered to go out of the Court premises.

Their Lordships, after reading the Magistrate's explanation in which he admitted the allegations, transferred the case to the file of another Magistrate with the following observations:—"With reference to the explanation of the Deputy Magistrate, that proceedings in his Court were not characterised by judicial demeanour or usage of Court of justice. Such proceedings might be permitted if the case had been investigated out of Court. But having regard to the fact that a solemn trial was proceeding, the details of what happened in the Court precincts as permitted by Mr. Chatterjee have left an impression on our minds that neither the Court nor the legal practitioners were alive to what was due to the place and the occasion."

ALLEGED MURDEROUS ASSAULT.

Chinese Sailor Acquitted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MAY 25.

The Chinese sailor, Yok Kem, who was sent up for trial before the Port Officer and First Class Magistrate, Karachi, on a charge of fatally stabbing another Chinese sailor, Ah Kow, on board the s.s. "Hartington" at sea on May 18th, was discharged, the accused's plea being that the act was committed in self-defence and that he had not murderous intentions.

SUB-INSPECTOR RYAN'S CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MAY 25.

In the case against James Williams, a Native Christian, charged by the Cantonment Police with having committed criminal breach of trust in respect to Rs. 50 and issue of a warrant of arrest against Sub-Inspector Ryan of the Bombay Police and late Cantonment Inspector, Karachi, by the Cantonment Magistrate, the District Magistrate, after hearing the pleader for Ryan, cancelled the warrant and discharged Ryan. The case against Williams is fixed for hearing before the District Magistrate to-morrow.

WEEKLY PLAGUE REPORT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 25.

During the week ending 20th May the total mortality from plague stood at 21,142 against 23,431 cases. Bombay Presidency had 731 deaths, Madras 24 Bengal 515, the United Provinces 5,023, the Punjab 14,050, Burma, 133, the Central Provinces 22, Mysore 42, Hyderabad 1, Central India 37, Rajputana 437, North West Frontier Provinces 13 and Kashmere 105. Delhi City had 3 cases and 3 deaths, the Delhi District had 297 cases and 267 deaths.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MAY 25.

Colonel Granville, R. E., is appointed C. R. E, 9th (Secundersabad) Division.

Lieutenant W. P. Packenham-Walsh, R. E., is transferred from the 5th to the 1st Division.

The following Royal Garrison Artillery postings have been approved:—Major F. A. Easton to No. 3 Mountain Battery; Captain B. B. Colbec to No. 9 Mountain Battery; Major A. H. S. Rose, 61st Pioneers, appointed 2nd-in-Command of that Regiment; and Lieutenant T. C. Jones, Cannaught Rangers, is selected for employment with the Southern Nigeria Regiment of the West African Frontier Force.

ACCIDENT ON S. M. RAILWAY.

Line Blocked for Several Hours.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, MAY 25.

An accident occurred to the up-mail train to Poona over the Madras and S. M. Ry., metre-gauge section, while running between the Belgaum and Miraj Junction last night. A cyclonic storm of great violence accompanied by stormy wind and heavy rain caused four loaded goods wagons, just detached from the train, to run out of the road-side station of Sadabal. The station staff had not seen the wagons run away and immediately afterwards the mail train was started in the same direction and came in collision with the wagons about 3 miles from the station. Two of the wagons were derailed and the front of the engine was slightly damaged, but no one was injured. The passengers by the up mail were transferred to a relief train brought from Miraj and the line was cleared after about eight hours.

It appears from enquiries made at the Victoria Terminus that a heavy storm was raging at the time at Miraj, which blew some of the goods waggons, which were lying on a siding, onto the main line, when the mail train coming up from the opposite direction ran into the trucks smashing some of them. The passengers of the mail train were transhipped. Mr. and Mrs. R. Branson, who were among the passengers who travelled by the train which ran into the goods waggons, arrived in Bombay at 7-30 p.m. yesterday by the Poona Express.

EMPIRE DAY FESTIVITIES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MAY 25.

The Empire Day at Karachi was celebrated by a general observance of half a holiday. The Union flag was flown at the Frere Hall and the Statue of Queen Victoria in Frere Hall grounds was adorned with large decorative wreaths laid around the base. All the steamers in the harbour as well as flag staffs at Manora were decorated. The band of the York and Lancaster Regiment enlivened the occasion with spirited English, Scottish, Irish and Welsh airs.

In Frere Hall, prior to the band performance the annual prize-giving of the Karachi Grammar School took place. The Commissioner presided and Mrs. Younghusband gave away the prizes. The pupils made a creditable show, and Mr. and Mrs. Macney, the newly appointed headmaster and headmistress, were heartily congratulated. Frere Hall was crowded with the parents, guardians, and friends of the children.

LUCKNOW, MAY 25.

The Empire Day was celebrated here yesterday by an open air entertainment given at La Martiniere College by the Constantia Minstrels, in which masters and pupils took part. It was followed by a familiar farce, "Cox and Box." There was a large audience, including the Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner and many other friends of the school the pupils of which were present in force.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

The following appointments are "gazetted":—

Mr. M. H. W. Hayward, LL.B. (Cantab.), Barrister-at-Law, I. C. S., is to act as a Judge, Bombay High Court, vice the Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. J. Heaton, I. C. S., absent on leave.

Lieutenant L. E. Lang, in his appointment as Assistant Political Agent, is confirmed.

Mr. P. M. Steward, Assistant Superintendent of Police in Sind, is granted privilege leave for three months from the 1st July, or subsequent date.

Mr. P. A. Kelly is to act as District Superintendent of Police, Sholapur.

Mr. P. T. Kirkpatrick, on relief, is to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sholapur.

Captain W. D. Reid, Cantonment Magistrate, Karachi and Manora, is to be a Justice of the Peace within the Government of Bombay, other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

Captain S.J. Bhathena, I.M.S., is to act as Superintendent of the Central Prison, Hyderabad, vice Captain F. C. Fraser, M. D., I.M.S.

Mr. A. Montgomerie, I.C.S., on relief, is to do duty as Assistant Judge, Ahmednagar.

Mr. F. E. Sharp is confirmed as Third Grade Assistant Superintendent of Police with effect from the 4th April.

Mr. C.G.H. Fawcett, I. C. S., on return from leave, is to act as Additional Judicial Commissioner of Sind, vice Mr. M.H.W. Hayward, LL.B. (Cantab.), Barrister-at-Law, I. C S., pending further orders.

Mr. W. Plunkett, District Deputy Collector and First Class Magistrate, Kolaba, S. D., to be Sub-Divisional Magistrate for the Southern Sub-Division.

Mr. R. B. Milne, I.C.S., to be Assistant Collector, Kaira.

The Hon'ble Mr. G. P. Millett, on return to duty, is to be Conservator of Forests, Central Circle.

Mr. O H. L. Napier, on relief, to be Divisional Forest Officer, East Khandesh.

Mr. W. Peter is appointed to be Deputy Shipping Master, Aden, with effect from the 27th April, vice Mr. N. G. Greensmith, retired.

Dr. R. D. Dalal to act as Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Southern Registration District, and to hold charge of the Vaccine Institute, Belgaum, during the absence on special duty of Major F. H. G. Hutchinson, M.B. C.M. (Edin.), D.P.H., D.T.M. & H. (Camb.), I.M.S.

Mr. R. W. Bonner to be a member of the Board of Examiners in Bombay, under the Boiler Inspection Act, vice Mr. S. J. Sarjant.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. L. Meyer, M.D., B.S., I. M. S., is granted, from the 22nd May or subsequent date, special leave on urgent private affairs for four months and a half.

Major H. Bennett, M. B., C. M., B. Sc., (Edin.), F. R. C. S. (E.), I. M. S., acted as First Class Civil Surgeon from the 26th December to the 9th March, both days inclusive, vice Lieutenant-Colonel E. E. Grayfoot, M. D., I. M. S., on deputation.

Major Bennett was appointed to act as First Class Civil Surgeon with effect from the 19th March, vice Lieutenant-Colonel C. T. Hudson, M. R. C. S., L. R. C. P., I. M. S., on leave.

Major G. E. Stewart, M. B., F. R. C. S. (E.), I. M. S., to act as Second Class Civil Surgeon, Dhulia, vice Captain R. F. Steel, M. B., B.Ch., I. M. S.

Captain J. H. Horton, D. S. O., I. M. S., to act as Second Class Civil Surgeon, Ahmednagar, vice Captain Nealor, I. M. S.

Bombay Volunteer Rifles.—Captain Vincent Cluge French, V. D., is granted the honorary rank of Major.

Captain J. Cunningham, M.D., I. M. S., has been allowed an extension of furlough on private affairs for seven months.

The services of Brevet-Colonel W. B. Bannerman, M.D., D.Sc. (Edin.), I. M. S, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India from the date of relief.

The services of Captain T. S. B. Williams, M.B., I. M. S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India with effect from the 19th May.

The services of Lieutenant F. H. E. Townshend, R. E., are placed at the disposal of the Political Department for employment in connection with the Provincial Camp, Chiefs' Camps, etc., at the forthcoming Coronation Darbar at Delhi.

The furlough on medical certificate granted to Mr. A. H. Whyte has been further extended by two months.

MR. F.W. BURBRIDGE, Office Superintendent, Traffic Superintendent's Office, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent of that Railway until further orders.

A CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

The Press generally in India has paid so much attention of late to the question of Moral Education, that I venture to ask you to allow me to draw attention to the work of the Moral Education League. The League has followed with interest the movement towards educational reform in India and has endeavoured to assist this so far as lay in its power. It felt that one of the first needs in this direction, in order to stimulate teachers to pay increasing attention to the moral side of their work, was a book of moral lessons, the illustrations for which should be derived in the main from Indian sources from various sacred books, literature, history, biography, etc. With this end in view a book of some 60 lessons, covering a comprehensive series of topics, has been written by Mr. F. J. Gould and has just been published under the League's auspices by Messrs. Longmans, Green and Co. under the title of "Youth's Noble Path" (Rs. 1-4). The League has received many letters of sympathy and interest from Indians of all shades of thought and this has been led to think there are many persons who would like to know where they could obtain particulars of this work. The League publishes a Graduated Syllabus of Moral Instruction and a series of books based on this, and many leaflets bearing on the subject. The Secretary will be glad to forward any leaflets gratis to anyone applying to him at 6 York Buildings, Adelphi London.

Those advocates of modernity who would have us believe that the great Stevenson tradition of the nineties is at an end would seem to find their own answer in the remarkable popularity of his books. It is only recently that two elaborate collected editions of his works were issued, and now a third reprint is promised by Messrs. Chatto and Windus. Stevenson was one of the many victims of the modern literary agent's passion for scattering an author's works among a multiplicity of competing publishers, but it is pleasant to learn that his old friends, Messrs. Chatto and Windus, have been successful in arranging with all the other firms, who are interested in Stevenson copyrights, to make their edition entirely complete and authoritative. This new series is to be called the "Swanston," after the house, still surviving, in which many of his earlier essays were written. There are to be twenty-five volumes in the edition, and they will appear at regular intervals, commencing with the coming autumn.

It seems that early reports with regard to the popular history of England, upon which Mr. Rudyard Kipling was said to be engaged, were not quite precise in their details. Mr. Kipling has been giving his attention to historical subjects, but his contributions to the study are to be in verse, not prose. The "School History of England," which the Oxford University Press will publish this summer, is, in point of fact, a piece of literary collaboration. The prose narrative is the work of Mr. C. R. L. Fletcher, while Mr. Kipling contributes some two dozen intercalary poems, in which the doughty deeds of Empire are celebrated in the author's characteristically vigorous fashion. Mr. Henry Ford supplies the illustrations, a goodly proportion of which will be in colour.

The concentration of the essence of the classics into moderate space seems to be one of the most popular forms of literary exercise, and Messrs. Herbert and Daniel announce yet another new series, in which this process has been entrusted to well-known experts. "The Regent Library," which is designed to show the firm's artistic taste to especial advantage will commence with a potted Johnson, arranged by Mrs. Meynell, and introduced by that indefatigable Johnsonian, Mr. G. K. Chesterton. This will be followed by a Leigh Hunt, the work of Mr. Edward Storer; a Samuel Richardson, by Miss Sheila Kaye-Smith; and a volume of Wordsworth selected by that acute critic, E. Hallam Moorhouse. Other volumes will be announced during the course of the present year.

There are few series so sound and permanent as the International Scientific Series, which was inaugurated many years ago, by Messrs. Kegan Paul and Trench. The best volumes in this collection still hold their own, in spite of violent competition, and are to be found in the libraries of all well-stocked students of modern scientific systems. Among the best of these works is Dr. Herman Vogel's "Chemistry of Light," the historical portion of which has never been superseded. Recent improvements in the art of photography have, however, rendered it desirable that the latter portions of the treatise should be brought up to date—a task which has been carefully undertaken by Mr. A. E. Garrett. The result of his revision will shortly be published under the title "The Advance of Photography: Its History and Modern Applications," and the book, as amended, is likely to be equally useful to the theoretican and to the practical photographer.

Few men have exercised a wider influence upon their generation than "General" Booth, the founder of the Salvation Army, and few can have undergone experiences better calculated to make a stirring human biography. The energetic young firm of Messrs. Herbert and Daniel, who signalised their inauguration as a publishing house by issuing Mr. Snead Cox's authoritative "Life of Cardinal Vaughan," have done well in arranging for the issue of a biography of General Booth by one who has been associated with the progress of the Salvation Army for more than a quarter of a century. The writer in question is Mr. A. M. Nicol, and it would be difficult to find a man better equipped for the task. He knows the history of the movement from the inside and has enjoyed exceptional opportunities for studying its leader's methods, and for estimating the strength of his personal influence.

From the house of Messrs. George Bell and Sons, so closely associated with art and educational literature of all kinds, we are promised a monograph of much interest in the shape of a comparative study of "Gothic Architecture in England and France." The author is the Rev. Dr. West, and he has attempted a study of the subject from a somewhat novel point of view, in that he seeks to discriminate between the national characteristics which have differentiated the Gothic architecture in both the countries under discussion. Dr. West has long been a keen student of ecclesiastical architecture, and has himself taken the varied collection of photographs which will illustrate a volume of much erudition and taste.

The recent publication of Professor E. B. Poulton's attractive reminiscences of Balliol life in the time of the late John Viriamu Jones has called considerable attention to the charming personality and wide influence of that pioneer of higher education in Wales. It is now announced that a biography of "Vir" Jones is in contemplation and his widow will be very grateful if any old friends who possess letters from him will lend them to her for that purpose. If addressed to her at 203, Abbeyfield-road, Sheffield, they will be carefully tended, and returned to the owners after perusal and transcription.

One of the most popularly successful books of last year was undoubtedly the anonymous "Letters to My Son," around the authorship of which so lively a controversy raged. Two interesting announcements are now made in this regard. In the first place, the author has decided to give the whole of the proceeds of the book for one year to the Boy Scouts, and a new edition of the book will shortly be issued, bearing a commendatory introduction from the pen of Sir Robert Baden-Powell. The second piece of news is that the author, yielding to the solicitations of editors both here and in America, has written a new budget of letters from the mother to her son, dealing with aspects of his future life untouched in the first volume, and in particular giving him advice upon his engagement and marriage. These will be shortly issued by Messrs. Chapman and Hall, under the title, "More Letters to My Son."

Mr. Werner Laurie published recently Mr. Grahame-White's important treatise upon the aeroplane, of which more than 3,000 copies have been sold before publication. Among the subjects treated are the work of the pioneers in aviation; the application of the petrol motor; first flights and present-day feats; records in duration, distance, high-flying, and speed; analysis and explanation of the principal fatalities caused by aviation; a list of the leading airmen; a consideration of the law of the air; and a discussion of the commercial and military possibilities of the science. The book is called "The Aeroplane, Past, Present, and Future," and there are about 100 original illustrations.

During the course of the coming summer, Messrs. Mills and Boon will publish Mr. Arthur Beckett's new book, called "The Wonderful Weald, and the Quest of the Crock of Gold." The story attempts to relate a 20th-century expedition in the manner of mediæval romance. There is something of the spirit of Don Quixote in the adventure, but Rosinante is replaced by an ass. The book will be illustrated with unusual liberality, twenty drawings in colour being reinforced by over forty black-and-white sketches by the artist whose name is so much associated with Sussex scenery, Mr. H. F. Marillier.

The Regent Library is the latest venture in the shape of books of popular literary appeal. It is to consist of volumes of citations from classic writers. The earliest to be announced are "Dr. Johnson," edited by Mrs. Meynell, "Leigh Hunt" for which Mr. Edward Storer is responsible and "Samuel Richardson," from whose writings passages have been compiled by Miss Sheila Kaye-Smith. A start is to be made this month with the series, and the publishers are Messrs. Herbert and Daniel.

We understand that two well-known publishing houses have just been amalgamated, namely, Messrs. George Allen and Sons and Messrs. Swan Sonnenschein and Co. A new company has been formed to carry on the business of both under the style of George Allen and Co. (Limited), at 44 and 45, Rathboneplace, Oxford-street. Messrs. Swan Sonnenschein's present place of business is to be closed on and after June 30.

Two books which Mr. John Lane has ready are "The Land of Teck and its Surroundings," by the Rev. S. Baring-Gould, and Mrs. Blake's piquant memories of "An Irish Beauty of the Regency." The lady in question was the Hon. Mrs. Calvert, daughter of the Speaker of the Irish House of Commons. Born in 1767, she lived to the age of 93, and amongst her earliest recollections were the tidings of the execution of Louis XVI. and the sensation in London, when people thought the victory of Trafalgar too dearly won with the loss of Nelson. Mrs. Calvert knew the Regent and Mrs. Fitzherbert, and saw a good deal of society both at the Pavilion, Brighton, and at the much more demure Court of Charlotte. She was a friend of the famous Duchess of Devonshire, and has stories to tell of the Duke of Wellington, who was her kinsman. The period covered by this amusing and vivid book is an interesting one, 1813—1855.

TEA-MAKING IN MOROCCO.

In his article on the Moroccan city of Rabat in "Harper's" for May, Mr. Sydney Adamson describes the ceremony of tea-drinking with the Governor, to whom he bore a letter from the Basha of Tangier:—

"Moorish rugs, in brilliant barbarous colouring, covered the finely tiled floor. Around the walls, richly covered cushions lay for one to sit upon cross-legged. The Governor sat upon one in front of a raised dais. His brother and a nephew, a young man who wore his fez rakishly on one side, were seated near him. One party occupied the remaining cushions. In the hallway slaves awaited. Behind the Governor on the dais stood a handsome brass bed richly hung with silken curtains and spread. Shereef explained that the Governor rested there when he would have no one disturb him, or he might honour a guest by its use. On the walls were several clocks in pairs, all going, and all wrong.

"We conversed while the slaves brought a silver tray and tea service of Turkish gilded glass, a great kettle with charcoal stove inside, which boils its own water, and trays heaped with rich cakes. But the office of making tea itself always rests with a gentleman, and is never performed by a slave. The good-looking young nephew with the rakish fez honoured us. First he warmed the pot. Then he took a large lump of loaf-sugar so big that his hand could not surround it, and thrust it into the pot. A big handful of freshly gathered mint followed the sugar, and then a sufficient quantity of the finest green tea completed the charge. The boiling water was then poured over this, and for the usual five or six minutes it was permitted to stand. A slave then handed us each a glass of the fragrant amber-coloured liquid, which was very delightful and wholesome, but more like a rich, unusual punch than everyday tea.

"I sipped my tea and allowed the others to talk. The scene was too novel and exotic to spoil with speech. How entrancing is that effect of the familiar in our own person when it is suddenly surrounded by a setting and people entirely strange and Oriental? I noticed the rich, low-tone decorations painted on the walls, beautifully subdued to bring out the fine garments of the men. How spotlessly clean in clothes and person were Moorish gentlemen! I listened. There was no noise, no sound, of opening or shutting doors, no voices were heard, slaves came and went noiselessly on bare feet. Sometimes one would bend and whisper behind a covering hand in the Governor's ear: and he, screening his whole face with his hood, would whisper quite inaudibly, to the nearest Moor his commands. One felt a spice of danger. They might be plotting how to dispose of us, under the veil of their perfect manners, as is their way with one another. All that was said aloud was spoken in the lowest tones, deliberately."

THE SMOKE NUISANCE.

If modern smoke-abatement measures were anything like as vigorous as those that were taken when the smoke nuisance first began there might be some hope of improvement. It was in 1306 that "the prelates, nobles, commons, and other people of the realm resorting to Parliament in London, or on other occasions, with the inhabitants of the City, Southwark, Wapping, and East Smithfield," made formal complaint to Edward I. that "brewers, dyers and other artificers using great fires began to burn sea-coal instead of dry wood and charcoal in and near London." They denounced it as a public nuisance, "corrupting the air with its stink and smoke to the great detriment and prejudice of their health." After receiving two petitions on the subject the King issued a proclamation forbidding the use of coal in and around London. The proclamation was disregarded so he sent forth a Commission of Oyer and Terminer to inquire into the matter, and to punish all offenders "by great fines and ransomes" for the first offence, and for the second by the demolition of the furnaces and kilns—a root-and-branch way with habitual black smoke offenders. Even these measures proved insufficient, and just before Edward I. died he made the burning of coal a capital offence. Actually one man was hanged under this Act! The next King gave it up. The many advantages of coal over wood, especially for industrial purposes, were too obvious, and the new trade was allowed to develop. At Edward II's coronation a sum equal to £800 in our money seems to have been paid for the occasion. But coal was not in common household use till the middle of the seventeenth century, and for long there was a prejudice against it, because it is not so cleanly as wood for domestic purposes. In the early part of the eighteenth century the English Ambassador in Paris sent out invitations to a card-party, but to his dismay found that his guests were all men. A whisper had gone round that he had adopted the fashion of heating his rooms by coal fires. The ladies all excused themselves, knowing well that coal smoke was ruinous to the complexion.

GAME-PRESERVING perhaps more than anything else accounts for the animosity with which many landowners at Home regard the Small Holdings Act of 1910. Holders of little enclaves within their large estates may, if they are so inclined, do much to spoil sport. A certain well-known sportsman in the North of England, has been trying for years to buy some forty or fifty acres which lie alongside his choicest pheasant coverts. He would willingly give double its market value. This is the reason why, the owner and occupier of "Naboth's vinyard" is an elderly man with three grown-up sons. They all work on the farm, and all the young men take out game licences. They are accused by their neighbour of never using their guns till after the first shoot in his coverts, when their farm is invaded by the birds driven out by his guns. Then they kill every bird that takes refuge on their land. People say that the farmer and his sons make a great deal out of the pheasant. It is even said that just before the close of the season, they scatter tempting morsels to allure to their land the pheasants left for breeding purposes. These, too, fall victims to their guns. All this, if true, or even suspected, is no doubt very exasperating to the man who has paid for rearing pheasants. Every pheasant is supposed to cost a guinea to rear, though it is only worth three-and-sixpence in the market.

SPORTING NEWS.

HARWOOD FOOTBALL LEAGUE.

Entries for the Harwood League have now closed and number eight. The Commercial Gymkhana have notified the Honorary Secretaries that they will not compete; so many of their members play for other clubs that they find it impossible to raise a sufficiently strong team. The competing clubs therefore will be: Bombay Gymkhana, Bombay F. C., Y. M. C. A., Royal Warwickshire Regiment, Royal Garrison Artillery, Bombay Volunteer Artillery, Parel Gymkhana and Government Telegraphs.

'DAILY MAIL" CUP.

Bangalore Volunteers' Score.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, MAY 25.

Twenty-four members of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers competed at the Hebbal Camp yesterday for the Cup offered by the "Daily Mail" for the Empire Day Overseas Rifle Competition, the conditions being the same as for the first stage of the King's Prize at Bisley. The weather conditions were unfavourable, half a gale blowing from the south-west and the aggregate score of the best eight competitors totalled only 725, giving average of 90·55 points behind the ultimate winners. Major Barton topped the list with 97 for the three distances, his aggrate being over 700. The result has been cabled to the "Daily Mail" under the conditions.

A BACONIAN FRAGMENT.

On Golf.

Golf, in the younger sort, is a part of amusement; in the elder a part of physic. Howsoever in both kinds there be divers players and manners of play. And first I would have a man remember that scarlet jackets are the solecisms of golf. They be pretty things to look on, but nothing to the purpose. Let him likewise be politic in the choice of his sticks, so as they be neither overgrown nor stunted, but rather of middling proportions; for Ovid rightly noteth: "In medio tutissimus ibis." Much, too standeth upon the person of the player; and a long brassey with a small man worketh to discord. I mainly mislike the mallet-headed putter and the wry-necked mashie. There be some, indeed, that affirm such to be contrary to law. I count it better that each player be his own magistrate in this matter, which resteth not wholy upon rule and observation. It is an old saw that saith: "De lusibus non est disputandum." For the ball, let it be craftily compounded of rubber, so it be not too earth-creeping, or two highflying either; but a speedy starter and a strong proceeder.

To foozle at the tee is a ridiculous thing and fit for satire; for it inviteth calamities by over-early buckling towards them, and maketh some extreme shew of doltishness. Especially it is a sport to see, when a player faileth utterly to strike the ball. The oracle saith well, that driving maketh a steady man, putting an exact man, and foozling a wicked man. I have known a youth miss the ball and keep silence. But it chanced only in a mingled foursome, at Auchtermuchty. Certainly, he that is too much in foozling maketh himself cheap, and layeth a strain upon the caddies. In a word, it is a vein that would be bridled. As for the pull and the slice, these be the very plagues and infections of golf; and bitter punishers withal, that by oblique lines and courses do mislead the ball into grievous bunkers. Whence to escape, a niblick commonly giveth best way. Play sheweth the man; and how shall you sooner discern the true nature of a player than by observing of him in such commiserable case?

When a man approacheth near to the Green, let him study to be well up, yet by no means overrun the Hole. You shall see a novice hole out at the distance of a stone's throw. But these be happy flukes; as when a nobleman of my acquaintance did with one stroke both cannon and pocket all three ivories, at the Billiards. For which humour I extinguished the lights. This is a by-matter. Nevertheless upon the Green it behoveth to turn all to certainties: And truly the stymie is a desperate business. It beareth a resemblance to the snooker, and many times it doth drive a player off the hooks. But I counsel him, if the stymie be dead, to run through without queeching, in such sort as his rival's ball may leap clean across the Hole, and his own drop comfortably within. Or else, by a nice touch of the mashie, he shall pitch his ball over the offending sphere, and so hole out. Which latter device seemeth perhaps a subtlety of the Sophister and requireth deep knowledge of the mathematics and parabola; so as the wise Plato engraved upon his pavilion: Let no man enter upon the game till he hath learned geometry. Also, to speak of the abolishing of stymies is a bravery and a dreaming. So as that opinion must be sent to Utopia. I like well that the Green be kept finely shorn; not too sodden with the juice of the hose-pipe, not yet like an ancient cheese, dry and crumbling. It is said that at Poonah, in the East Indies, the Greens be commonly spread with sand, and called Browns. Wherein I marvel how the balls be not lost, like Ariadne, amid the sand, that is bibulous and swalloweth all things.

Concerning caddies, though they be found often times unmannerly and ill-favoured, still they may offer wholesome advice. And it was justly devised of Plautus: "Nemo solus satis sapit." Only let them not come in multitudes; and let not more be bred caddies than the players can take off; for this sorteth to an unseemly strife of competition, and causeth shipwreck of infant hopes. But enough of these toys.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Shamo Perfect	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 5 p.m. of the 25th May, 1911.

[Difference in Longitude allowed for.]

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	24	3	58 p.m.	11	46
Teheran ...	25	1	35 p.m.	1	14
Suez	25	1	40 p.m.	1	18

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Arizpe, Babicora, Banamichi, Ityres, Huimanguillo, Cardenas, and Cunduacan Mexico will not be accepted until further notice. (14-4-11).

Telegrams for Rabat and Casablanca in Morocco are subject to very great delay (12-5-11).

BURGLARS' £400 HAUL.

Garrick Theatre Entered.

The week before mail week, Mr. Oscar Asche and Miss Lily Brayton drew large houses at the Garrick Theatre with Mr. Edward Knoblauch's successful play "Kismet." But they will have good reason to remember their first week end at the popular house in Charing-cross-road. Some time between Saturday midnight and Monday morning of mail week, burglars effected a daring entry into the manager's office on the first floor overlooking the balcony, cut open the back of the safe in which the whole of the Saturday's takings were locked and made off which something like £400 in gold, silver, and notes.

There can be no doubt that the robbery was the work of expert cracksmen, not merely because they left behind them an equipment of the most up-to-date kind—centrepiece, bit, wedges and a jemmy of the latest and most approved pattern—but because of the business-like way in which they went about their "job." Their entrance was effected without leaving any mark upon the office door. They evidently knew where the safe was, and went straight to it without disturbing a paper that was lying on one or other of the manager's tables.

Having dislodged the safe from the table-like structure on which it stood, they ripped it open as easily, apparently, as though they were cutting through seasoned wood. And then, passing their arms through the double aperture they had made in the iron envelope, they extracted the money from two plain leather bags in which it was contained and carried it off in the canvas bank bags in which it had been counted and tied. After that they made their way to the street, leaving not a trace behind them.

HOW THE SAFE WAS FOUND.

Seen by a Press representative in the room in which the robbery occurred, Mr. Carl F. Leyel, the general manager, stated that the theatre was locked up at the usual time on Saturday night. The day's takings, which were heavy, were placed, with a few cheques for advanced bookings, in the safe, which stood in an inner narrow room running at right-angles both to the street and his office. The office windows look out over the stone balcony of the theatre into Charing-cross-road. The inner room is slightly above the office level, and is approached from it by a couple of steps. Its doorway, in which are glass panels draped with green silk is visible from the balcony. A night watchman was on duty and made period cal rounds of the house. Nothing unusual was noticed by him, or by a colleague who was on duty on Sunday.

Shortly after eleven o'clock on Monday morning, Mr. Leyel went to the theatre and proceeded to his room to deal with his correspondence. In the office itself nothing was out of its place. But when he had occasion to enter the room in which the safe was, Mr. Leyel found everything in confusion. The floor was strewn with the sawdust-like composition with which the outer lining of the safe had been packed. The stand on which it originally stood was moved to the corner behind the door, and the safe itself lay on its face on the floor with a big, ragged rent running down it from top to bottom, whilst hard by lay the tools evidently employed by the thieves in their destructive work.

Apparently they had had ample time in which to carry out their operations. There was no evidence of haste. Having ripped open the back of the safe they pierced the inner wall, cutting an aperture through which a hand and an arm could be readily passed—and by these means they obtained access to the money for which they were searching. A time-table and some stationery lay on the floor. Obviously this had been utilised to deaden the sound when the heavy safe had been dropped from its position to the ground so that the men—for there must have been two at least employed in the undertaking—might have elbow-room in which to work. The money taken must have been no light weight in itself, for it consisted of

£30 in notes.
£70 in silver, and about
£300 in gold.

There was also, as already stated, a few cheques.

Naturally, Scotland Yard was at once communicated with, and detectives from Vine-street Police-station, headed by Detective-inspector Fowler, were soon in attendance. Beyond the instruments left behind by the burglars they found little to help them. They, however, confirmed the judgment formed by Mr. Leyel that experts had been engaged in the business, and expressed the opinion that the work of displacing and ripping open the safe must have occupied something like four hours.

There is just a suggestion that one of the doors in the upper circle showed marks of having been prised open. What would seem to be more feasible, however, is that the men entered the theatre in the usual way prior to or during the performance, and concealed themselves until after the house was closed and left in darkness. One thing would seem to be quite certain—that they knew exactly where the safe was, and how to get at it.

NIAGARA HARNESSED.

Ontario's Great Electric Supply.

It would be a little surprising, if one were not acquainted with all the facts, to find that Canada, although young as a nation, is yet one of the most advanced countries in the world in the direction of development along scientific lines. Something of this is seen in the scheme that is at present in such successful operation whereby the enormous and inexhaustible energies of the Niagara Falls are being utilised for the supplying of electrical power for all manner of purposes to many cities and towns of Ontario. Individually the municipalities in question could not for very obvious financial reasons, have undertaken the harnessing of the distant Falls; collectively the project was more feasible. It was made practical by the action of Sir James Whitney's Government who linked the municipalities together in active co-operation and brought about the Hydro-Electric Commission.

Two of the members of the Ontario Government are on the commission. These are the Hon. Adam Beck, the originator of the Hydro-Electric scheme and the Hon. J. S. Hendrie, C.V.O., who was formerly Mayor of Hamilton, one of the busiest industrial cities of Ontario. Mr. Hendrie is on a visit to England and has been spending some little time in London. To a representative of the "Standard of Empire" he gave some interest information as to what had already been accomplished by the Hydro-Electric Commission, and also as to its future plans.

TWENTY-TWO TOWNS SUPPLIED.

"We are now," said Mr. Hendrie, "supplying power to twenty-two towns and cities of Ontario. These include Toronto, West Toronto, Hamilton. London, Guelph, St. Thomas, Berlin, Stratford, Ingersoll, Dundas, Port Credit, Brampton, St. Mary's, Tillsonburg, Hespeler, and several other important centres. This makes a total of 300 miles of line, and represents an expenditure of dolls. 3,600,000 (£739,726). We shall probably spend dolls. 1,800,000 (£369,862) more. The Government intend, I believe, to extend the line to Windsor, either from London or St. Thomas, passing through the City of Chatham.

"The Hydro-electric scheme was not designed for revenue purposes. The sole object has been to enable the municipalities to obtain electric power—or 'white coal,' as we call it—for manufacturing, lighting, running trams, and a variety of other useful purposes. At the same time, it is not an additional burden on the Government. At the end of thirty years the whole of the undertaking will have been paid for as far as capital account is concerned. All that we shall have to pay for then will be the power at Niagara Falls, were, I may add, we can obtain about 400,000 horse-power of energy."

Mr. Hendrie added that the hydro-electric power scheme was the only one of its kind in the world that is to say, in which municipalities had thus joined together for their mutual benefit. It had been brought up to the highest standard of efficiency, and before the plant was ready for operation representatives from the Governments of Japan and Germany visited Ontario in order to inspect it.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" its original colours, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well, as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 5, Farringdon Road London England.

FAMOUS PORCELAIN.

Richard Bennett Collection.

WITH little reclame and less fuss, a great collection of Chinese porcelain has just changed hands. It is nine years ago that Mr. Morgan annexed the Garland cases, and adding them to his own patriotically gave them to the Metropolitan Art Museum in New York. The Richard Bennett collection, which now leaves Thornby Hall, in Northamptonshire, for the rooms of Mr. Gorer, in New Bond-street, deserves comparison with this, and now that the Salting collections are at South Kensington the Franks in the British Museum, and the Grandidier in the Louvre, was certainly the most important remaining in private hands in Europe. Consisting of over 400 pieces representative of the greatest periods of Chinese ceramic art, this Bennett collection in every respect is finer than the Louis Huth properties dispersed a few years ago, and, moreover, matches them in their unbroken and unrepaired state. The famous Huth £5,900 prunus ginger-jar (originally costing 12s. 6d.) is answered by a pair in the Bennett collection. But even these take modest rank in the Bennett display.

There are, for example, two wonderful figures, originally in a temple in Northern China, unparalleled by anything in the historic collections mentioned. In the sixteenth century one of the emperors, having married an Indian wife, desired to do honour to Vishnu. Accordingly he ordered his greatest artist in procelain to execute two representations of the god as protector of the law and protector of Buddha. These seated figures, nearly a yard high, are most gorgeously coloured, and must be reckoned equal to any trophies possessed by the mandarins. As might be imagined, the Bennett collection, like the Startseff, was bought direct from the East many years ago, and in consequence contains trophies unprocurable nowadays. The celebrated "Hawthorn Vase," once in the Salting and now in the Garland-Morgan collection, is matched by one with a white instead of a black ground. The Salting vase has been valued at £25,000, yet the late owner parted with it for £900, never forgiving himself for the act, which he did in one of those moments, not unknown to rich men when they imagine that they are poor because they happen not to have a hoard of ready money. A superb garniture of three unique Ming vases in green, yellow and black is another Bennett marvel, and there is a glorious array of K'ang Hsi peach-skin or peach-blow, apple-green turquois lavender and grey porcelain challenging comparison with the Salting treasures.

FORTHCOMING EXHIBITION

It is Mr. Gorer's intention to hold an exhibition at 170, New Bond-street, of the prizes of the collection at the end of this month and, as the proceeds will be devoted to the National Art Collectious Fund, the show will be a succes d'estime. The purchaser hopes that the Bennett collection will be kept intact. It is too much, therefore, to anticipate that it will find a new English home. It is much more likely that one day the two figures of Vishnu will flank and protect Rembrandt's "Mill."

The story goes that in the bad old times a lovely Chelsea group once fetched £3 10s. at auction. This incident was not allowed to happen again at Christie's when a shepherd and shepherdess, bowered eternally among many-blossoms—the exquisite conceit of the modeller, Roubilliac—was offered by Sir Alexander Macdonald of the Isles, to whom the group had descended from his great-grandmother, Louisa, daughter of the Duke of Gloucester. The amorous group made a strong appeal to lovers of old English porcelain, and other connoisseurs, beset with the problems of attributions set by the Abdy pictures to be sold to-day, found restfulness in contemplating it. It was fitting that Mr. Amor should win the prize at 1,750gs, more especially as he brought the smaller pair of Roubilliac groups on Feb. 17 last for 950gs. the three should now form a noble garniture. According to a person speaking with authority, the previous owner's purpose in selling the group was to acquire a small piece of land adjacent to his property. He held that the result of the sale would be adequate. The price obtained was probably the highest for a Chelsea "group," although in the Lord Henry Thynne sale, 1901, we saw a pair of Chelsea beakers and covers bring £5,400. In the Chelsea collection of Mr. Ralph Lambton, of Newcastle, were several interesting pieces. Mr. Stoner, the chief competitor of Mr. Amor for the Macdonald group, gave 390gs for a group figures of a shepherd and shepherdess, and a group emblematic of summer and winter made 370gs (Greville). A pair of vases and covers, in emulation of Sevres, realised 350gs (Murray), another pair, 230gs (ditto). An old Worcester dessert service, once belonging to Sir William Agaw, fetched 230gs, (Amor).

PLEASURES OF THE AIR.

A Lady Ballonist's Experience.

BEFORE the newer art of aviation the sport of ballooning is, of course, dying out; perhaps will die out in time entirely. But it has still a few enthusiasts left—a few who will take part in three or four races this summer from the grounds of Hurlingham—and amongst them the Hon. Mrs. Asheton Harbord, the only lady in the world who owns balloons and has made 190 ascents in them.

A stranger meeting Mrs. Harbord in a drawing-room for the first time would not, perhaps, associate her at once with a sport that has filled many persons, not initiated into its almost perfect pleasures, with a lively, but for the most part unwarranted, sense of apprehension. Her quiet and gracious manner, so perfectly attuned to the charm of everything around her, would afford to such a person no key to her love of adventuring into the air.

But if you are so fortunate as to be able to persuade her to speak of the pleasures and the delights of ballooning, and to point out to you in those brightly shining and hand some silver cups about the room the trophies she has won, you will learn something of the deep interest this adventuring has for her.

LONG-DISTANCE TROPHIES.

Mrs. Harbord begins this season holding the Hedges-Butler Cup for the longest distance in England in a given race and the Aero Club Challenge Cup for the longest voyage of the whole year. The Aero Club Cup she has won two years in succession, with the vovage from Battersea to La Chartre, in France, and with that from Battersea to Westphalia; and, if she wins it again this year, as she hopes to do, if will become hers for all time.

She has no intention of giving up ballooning for aviation. "No," she says, in answer to a question, "it is too deligtful to give up, especially the long summer evenings in the air. I cannot understand why so few people have taken it up.

"Besides it widens one's views in every way, and not only is it full of pleasure as a sport but it enables one to study the different air currents and I am quite sure that aviators who have previously had experience in balloon ascents are helped tremendously so far as knowledge of these currents is concerned."

Mrs. Harbord has been up in an aeroplane as a passenger, and has found this form of flight perfectly delightful, too. In ballooning there is, however less strain upon the nerves, and the enjoyment is of a quieter kind. But there are moments when it can be quite thrilling. Mrs. Harbord mentioned rough descents as an example, and recalled also a voyage across the Channel to Verdun in which almost every kind of atmospheric condition was experienced snow, thunder, lightning and high wind the speed of the voyage averaging forty-five miles an hour.

That voyage was certainly unpleasant she said, but we came through it all right.

NO GIDDINESS IN THE AIR.

Mrs. Harbord has taken up a great number of passengers, including many ladies who have shared her enjoyment of the air. A great many go up in the first place she says just to see what it is like and if the voyage is a good one as it usually is—though every ascent differs from the other—they want to go up again.

Persons who, standing upon firm ground, cannot look down a precipice with comfort, feel no sense of giddiness in a balloon. "It is only when there is a connection with the earth that giddiness is felt," Mrs. Harbord explained "A ballon having no connection with the earth, there is no cause for this feeling."

Mrs. Harbord has just returned from a tour in various parts of France. Everywhere she found aviators going for flights just as motorists in this country go for drives, and she could not help noticing despite the great strides that have been made in the art in the past twelve months, how little encouragement it still receives here in comparison with that which it is given abroad. "All the greater of course," she added, "is the honour to those aviators who have done so much in this country, notwithstanding the difficulties."

THE LADIES' CORNER.

PUBLIC DECORATIONS.

The near approach of the Coronation festivities, writes a Home correspondent, have roused one and all to taking a practical interest in the question of decorations, which at the present moment one hears being discussed upon all sides. One of the great features of the coming festivities will be the large number of private residences which will be decorated during the all important Coronation fortnight. This applies equally to the country and the suburbs as it does to London—and a very timely help to many who know little concerning the question of decoration of private houses and public buildings is a little book issued by an enterprising firm, which will be sent free of charge to all who care to apply for it. This contains practical suggestions for the decoration of balconies and houses, and is full of colour illustrations, showing the latest design in shields and garlands, medallions, electric lights, and those wonderful waterproof waxed paper flowers and silk ribbon steamers which, costing but little, will be so decorative a feature of the coming gala period.

CORONATION NOTEPAPER.

Coronation decorations will by no means be confined to the outside of houses. Already some thousands of special souvenirs have found a big sale; amongst these may be specially noted some original English note-paper, known as the English rose paper. Coronation menus and name cards will also be largely used, some of these being very effective; while a novelty which is in great demand for wedding gifts is the Coronation goblet, that can be used for a flower vase. This is a reproduction of a port-wine glass of the Jacobean period, and it contains in the bulb a lucky threepenny-piece dated 1911. The goblet is decorated with the crown and the monogram G. R., and it can be had in various sizes. For dinner-table decoration one also finds charming silk flags, mounted on a miniature mast, that stands on a firm base, while white, blue, or red "ensign" silk ribbon streamers, ornamented with printed flags, and the white satin ribbon printed with the crown or a miniature of the King and Queen at intervals of an inch or so, are being sold as table centres.

THE LINGERIE FRILL.

In Paris there is little short of a craze for the new "jabot" frill, made of finest cambric edged with real lace, and measuring from four to six inches wide, which is worn with almost every tailor-made costume. These frills cost practically anything that a buyer cares to give; beginning at a couple of shillings or so apiece when made in muslin and edged with imitation lace, they very soon run into two or three pounds each when fashioned of hand-embroidered lawn and trimmed with hand-made lace and insertion. They are exceedingly smart and are made without a collar, attached to a narrow band of insertion that forms the front, the wide frill being worn well over on one side. They are invaluable for freshening up a blouse or shirt, and several shops are selling them in little sett, which are composed of one frill and a pair of wrist frills to match.

THE RETURN OF THE TAILOR HAT.

There is little doubt that this summer will see the return of the once popular sailor hat—particularly for river and country wear. One well-known firm, in anticipation of the coming fashion, is specialising in straw hats of this description, and has produced some new models in coarse cream straw, as well as in straw of a finer make, in various pastel shades, which are trimmed with a wide coloured velvet band and bow. They are inexpensive, and are produced in four different shapes—one made with a straight brim, one with a drooping brim, and two with brims that turn slightly off the face.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

("Bombay Government Gazette," May 25.)

Vice Mr. Krishnaji Bhimaji Bilgi retired:—Mr. Abdul Rashid Khan to be Second Grade Deputy Superintendent of Police, and Mr. Honavar Harischandra to be Third Grade Deputy Superintendent of Police.

Mr. Gopal Vishnu Vaidya, Acting Mamlatdar, taluka Kalyan in the district of Thana, is appointed a Magistrate of the Second Class.

Mr. Bhagvandas Gopaldas Tolat to act as Second Class, Fourth Grade Subordinate Judge; and to do duty vice Mr. Vedavyas Narasinh Navaratna, transferred.

Mr. Chimnaji Raghunath Karkare to be a Second Class, First Grade, subordinate Judge; Mr. Parvatishankar Manishankar Bhat to be a Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judge; and Mr. Bhogilal Narandas Shah to be a Second Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judge.

Mr Ramchandra Keshau Medhekar, residing at Kalyan, is appointed a Conciliator within the limits of the Kalyan Taluka in the Thana District vice Mr Amir Fakirsaheb Falke, deceased.

The appointment of Mr Lallubhai Vallabhram as a Conciliator in the Viramgam Taluka of the Ahmedabad District, is cancelled at his own request.

Mr. Shamrav Honnali Nadig is authorised to practise as a Pleader in the Dharwar District.

Mr. Hargovan Lallubhai Talati, Probationary District Inspector of Land Records, Ahmedabad, is confirmed as District Inspector of Land Records.

Mr. Sadashiv Balwant Kale, B.A., Head Karkun, Jalgaon, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Bhusaval vice Mr. K. Y. Davane reverting.

BY THE WAY.

NEW CONGREGATIONAL UNION CHAIRMAN.

Mr. Gerard Ford is only the fifth layman who has occupied the position of chairman since the formation of the Congregational Union in 1831. He is a Manchester merchant, and has for years led a busy public life. In 1901, he was chairman of the Lancashire Congregational Union, and has also filled that office for the Derbyshire Union; he has been president of the Derbyshire Federation of Free Church Councils, is chairman of the Lancashire College Committee, and one of the governors of the John Rylands Library in Manchester. Mr. Ford has cordially co-operated with the Rev. J. D. Jones in raising the Central Fund, and in many other ways has done splendid service to Congregationalism.

A VISITOR TO THE PALACE.

Keen interest is being taken just now by the police on duty in the neighbourhood of the "trade for" at Buckingham Palace and the Royal servants a thrush which recently built its nest in a bush ose to the path, and which has now hatched out little brood. The wintry weather of the first week last month, might have been expected to try the tle visitor, but she made light of the snow and n', and when the weather improved just before ster, the young family appeared. Great care s been taken that the nest should not be disturbed.

FROM THE VILLAGE GREEN.

Mr. G. W. E. Russell recalls in the "Commonalth" some racy sayings of agricultural labourers erested in politics: "More pigs and less parsons" nst, he thinks have been a survival from the days Tithe. "The Black Recruiting Sergeant" was a ckname for a canvassing incumbent. "I tell you w it is with a State-parson," cried a Village ampden: "If you take away his book, he can't each. If you take away his gown, he mayn't each." If you take away his screw, he'll be d——d he'll preach." A Radical M.P. suddenly deserted Constituency and took peerage, and this was the ost of the Village Green: "Mister So-and-so says 's going to the House of Lords to leaven it with beral principles. Bosh! Mr So-and-so can't more leaven the House of Lords than you can eeten a cartload of muck with a pot of ramalade."

CANVASSING.

When Mr. Russell himself was a political candite, he did not reckon canvassing among the easures of electioneering. "To trudge, weary and otsore, dusty and deliquescent, from door to door; ask, with damnable iteration, if Mr. So-and-so is home, and to meet the invariable rejoinder, 'No, isn't,' not seldom running on with—'And, if he s, he wouldn't see you'; to find oneself (being ne) in a Red quarter, where the very children hoot you, and inebriate matrons shout personalities m upper windows—all this," says Mr. Russell, s detestable enough." But he points out that ere is a pleasanter side to canvassing. "It warms e cockles of one's heart to be greeted with the ords, 'Don't waste your time here, sir. My vote's ours before you ask for it. There's your picture er the chimney-piece.' And when a wife says, My husband is out at work, but I know he means vote for you,' one is inclined to embrace her on he spot."

THE COWS OF AUSTRALIA.

Statistics issued by the Commonwealth Statistician show that every day there are about one million and a half cows milked in the Commonwealth. New South Wales and Victoria have over 3 million cows in milk between them. Queensland with a quarter of a million, comes next, and then South Australia, Tasmania, and West Australia. There are also, roughly, half a million dry cows, which, added to the cows in milk, brings the total dairy herd of the Commonwealth to the respectable total of 2,000,000. The growth of the herd has been rapid. In 1901 its numerical strength was 1,327,418. In ten years it has been increased by over 700,000.

A GREAT PAINTER OF THE SEA.

The first art feature of the "Windsor Magazine" for May, is an article on the work of Henry Moore, R.A., the famous painter of the sea, which includes thirteen reproductions of his pictures with an admirable coloured plate of "Launching the Lifeboat." Ruskin, many years ago said: "The sea never has been, and, I fancy, never will be, nor can be, painted." Then, says the writer of the article, as though to prove Ruskin wrong, Henry Moore's work came on the fore. "Moore may not have been a genius, but within his limits he was a great painter. He understood the sea; each phase of its history received from him appropriate expression; he wielded the mighty mass so that we appear to see it quiver; and the waves, on occasion, seem to have held themselves poised that he might tell us that which he had learned of them."

INGENIOUS POST OFFICES.

A German paper tells an interesting story of the ingenuity of the German Post Office in tracing an address that might well have puzzled them. A client of the name of Gottlieb had some business to transact in the town of Blankenburg, and left his rucksack behind him in the inn in which he stayed. He could not remember the name of the inn, but knew that it had green shutters and stood near a bridge. So he accordingly wrote a card to "The house with the green shutters on the other side of the bridge, where Gottlieb, from Schwarzburg left his rucksack in Blankenburgh." The Post Office found the house all right and Gottlieb got his luggage again. But sometimes the Post Office shows a curious ingenuity in sending a letter to the wrong address.

A PERSONAL EXPERIENCE.

The writer of this paragraph once sent a letter to a house in Gower-street accepting an invitation to dinner. He went on the evening, to find to his horror that he was not expected, for the letter had not arrived. He protested that he had answered the invitation and duly posted it; but his story might never have been believed if the letter had not actually arrived while the question was being debated. The precious document had been all the way to Egypt and back, for it was stamped with an Egyptian postmark and bore the name of Shepherd's Hotel, Cairo. On complaining at the Post Office, he was jokingly informed that his writing so closely resembled an ancient hieroglyphic that it was only natural that it should have been sent to Egypt, for it required an Egyptian expert to discover what the address really was. Since then the sender of this note has taken to typewriting, and has not missed any more dinners.

CAROLINE FOX AND BRITISH MUSEUM.

Apropos of the new arrangements at the British Museum, Carlyle's friend, the Quaker, Caroline Fox, was glad to have a cicerone, and writes July, 1840: "Canon Rogers having presented us to Mr. Bergam, he kindly introduced us to the gem and cameo rooms at the British Museum. Here was the transcendent Barberini Vase and the large cameo, probably of Paris's head. When the British Museum prosecuted the iconoclast it was for breaking the glass shade which covered the vase, which alone is strictly its property, as they are only the wardens of the vase for the Portland family. Mr. Bergam is a great antiquary, and gave us so many personal histories of things as to add greatly to their interest."

THE BANGOR FIRE.

Bangor, Maine, which has just been devastated by fire, has a population of only about 20,000, but is a town of considerable importance as a port and a depot of the lumber trade. This most northerly portion of the States has probably suffered no such disaster since the similar calamity that befell Portland, another of its ports, in 1864. The Portland fire was caused by the careless throwing of a cracker by a boy during the 4th of July celebrations. This accident led to the destruction of nearly the whole of the business portion of the city, made 2,000 families homeless, and involved a loss of ten million dollars.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

MR. ROBERT LORAINE DISGUISES HIMSELF.

Franz Molnar's "Der Leibgardist" is a witty satirical, three-act farce, setting forth how easily a clever woman can hoodwink a man who loves her. Its story is entirely theatrical and artificial; and these characteristics become more pronounced in the English version, called "Playing with Fire," which was presented at the Comedy Theatre in mail week. For, in deference to real or supposed English scruples, the "Bohemian" manage of the original has been converted into a sort of English domestic one with the result that a good deal of the action which was natural in the one has become exceedingly the reverse in the other. The hero is an actor of great reputation, one Henry Longton, who adores his wife in the wild, mad, hungry way (vide many novels and plays) which is not very easily distinguishable from hate. He is not sure of her fidelity, and decides to put it to the test. Accordingly, he sends letters of admiration to her in the feigned handwriting of an imaginary military hero, who is supposed to admire her art—for she also is a distinguished ornament of the stage—and who desires to call upon her and offer her his homage. He then pretends that he is summoned to Paris on business; but, as a matter of fact, he only goes as far as a room, in which he disguises himself as the supposed officer of the Garde du Corps (Der Leibgardist) in a helmet, a great red cloak, a wig and moustache, a clattering sword, and a guttural accent. And, thus transmogrified, he calls upon his wife and proceeds to make love to her. She at first treats him coolly, but ultimately relents, accepts from him a box at the Opera, and finally makes an assignation with him for the following afternoon. This brings us to the end of the second act. In the third he confronts her with the truth, whereupon the lady not only declares that she knew him all the while, but forces him to his knees in abject penitence for the suspicions he has dared to entertain concerning a lady so loving and so faithful. "Curtain."

THE ADAPTER'S ERROR.

The adapter (whose name, by the way, is not given on the programme) has erred badly in changing the piece from a Hungarian farce into an English comedy. As a result, one sees the husband, Mr. Henry Longton, aided and abetted in his detective business by his friend, Mr. William Sprackley, an elderly dramatist, and old friend of both wife and husband, and apparently a daily guest in their flat. When we say that Mr. J. D. Beveridge plays the part of Sprackley with all his usual suggestion of paternal kindness, and sound, reliable common-sense we have shown how unreal his connivance in so silly and rather caddish, an enterprise must appear. Then the second act takes place in a private box at Covent Garden with a retiring-room attached; and, as the only-box at the Opera House thus equipped is that of his Majesty, one is presented with the phenomenon of the Royal box occupied not only by Mrs. Longton, but also by a blowzy and rather disreputable old woman called "Ma," who had been her dresser at the theatre, and the aider and abettor of her pre-nuptial frivols, and is now (much against her husband's will) her domestic "companion." "Ma's" amazing costume, coiffure—a sort of Tower of Babel of grey hair—and general processes of conduct attract the attention of the house and Mrs. Longton has to suppress her rather forcibly. When one mentions that "Ma" is impersonated in her drollest way by Mrs. Charles Calver, one has said sufficient to show the effect which her presence in the Royal box would have. Finally, the Leibgardist himself appears at the Opera House in all his military panoply; which would be perfectly in order at Budapest in the beautiful Opera House in the Andrassy Ut, but is not customary in London, and once more the comedy is made to look unnecessarily foolish.

HISTRIONIC DEFECTS.

These things, however, would not matter very much if the parts of Mr. and Mrs. Longton had been handled with a lighter touch. Mr. Robert Loraine and Miss Alexandra Carlisle impersonated the characters with what one can best describe as a truly British sincerity. Never has one seen on the stage a more delightfully and unmistakably domestic and devoted little wife than Miss Carlisle gave one in the first act. There was not a spark of potential insincerity or triviality in her—not a suggestion of that "Past" to which "Ma" alludes so often with such chucklings. And Mr. Loraine underlined Mr. Longton's jealousy with such broad dashes of tragical red ink that for the first quarter of an hour the audience must have felt that they were in for a bourgeois melodrama rather than a piece of the broadest satirical humour. Miss Carlisle's part is really one of those attractive, impudent rogues which Mme. Bady can impersonate so cleverly; Mr. Loraine's is one in which, in his Bob Sackitt days, Sir Charles Wyndham would have kept the house in a roar. It was, perhaps, the actor's misfortune rather than his fault that his disguise in the second act would never for a moment have deceived anybody. A personality so marked as Mr. Loraine's is not to be repressed by a costume, a wig, or even a guttural accent. The piece has been given a handsome setting, and such touches as the portraits of Mrs. Siddons hanging in the Longtons' hall, and the realism of the glimpse of the Royal box in the second act, helped the illusion. But one would suggest that in a London flat, through the window of which the sun of a fine May afternoon has just been streaming, it is not necessary as a rule, to light the lamps at twenty-two minutes past six o'clock.

"HOW TO PLAY SHAW."

"Being a Celt he would rather preach with a laugh than do it too seriously," so spoke Mr. Arnold Daly, the well-known American actor, of Mr. Bernard Shaw, in whose "Arms and the Man" he makes his reappearance on the London stage, after an absence of ten years, under Mr. F. C. Whitney's management at the Criterion Theatre. Mr. Daly's "views on Shaw" are interesting as he is closely associated with presentation of many of the Shavian masterpieces in America: in fact Mr. Daly's experience has imbued him with decided opinions on "how to play Shaw"—opinions which Mr. Daly confessed to a Press representative do not always coincide with those of the master-mind. The truth of the confession is beyond a doubt—although many will marvel at Mr. Daly's awful temerity. The representative himself witnessed a mysterious, whispered consultation between author and actor while waiting to interview the latter. This dual independence of thought apparently impedes the progress of rehearsals. "We never get down to rehearsals," Mr. Daly remarked casually. "Mr. Shaw and I spend our time telling one another about how some passage should be played. We argue about it, perhaps, for hours. We are thinking rather seriously of having a rehearsal the day before the opening."

THE PLAY AMERICANS LIKE BEST.

Mr. Daly, however, recognises Mr. Shaw's genius. Of "John Bull's Other Island," he said, "it is a terrifically great play in its character drawing. His description of the Irish in the first act is almost an incomparable pen picture. It is only equalled by his pen picture of the English in "The Man of distinction." Asked which Shaw play he considered Americans liked best, Mr. Daly named "You Never Can Tell." "John Bull's Other Island," he said, was rather local in its references and Americans never understood it. "Shaw has never forgiven me for that. He says it was my fault. We argue about it for hours, but."—Then the stage-manager whisked Mr. Daly away for another mental wrestle with Mr. Shaw.

M. BRIEUX'S CENSORED PLAYS.

The long-expected English publication of M. Brieux's censored plays was announced definitely for May 10, by Mr. Fifield in England and Messrs. Brentano in America, under the title of "Three Plays by Brieux," with preface by Bernard Shaw. The plays included are: "Maternity," translated by Mrs. Bernard Shaw; "The Three Daughters of M. Dupont," translated by the late Mr. St. John Hankin; and "Damaged Goods." translated by Mr. John Pollock. Mr. Shaw's preface runs to forty-two pages, and those who know how ardent an admirer he is of the French dramatist will look forward to it with keen interest. The volume will be published at five shillings net.

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CULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.
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STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.
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Few people seem to realize the grave consequences which follow the neglect of the common Cough and Cold. How many there are, to-day, suffering from Consumption, Chronic Bronchitis, and Asthma, who by the timely use of proper means, might have averted these serious lung troubles, at their first approach! THE STANDARD REMEDY for Coughs and Colds is
CONGREVE'S ELIXIR.
Its soothing and healing properties in Lung Complaints have been the subject of innumerable testimonials during its (nearly)
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THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

The Most Valuable Medicine ever discovered.
The best known Remedy for

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Acts like a charm in DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY & CHOLERA.

Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. Checks and arrests those too often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP and AGUE.

The only palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

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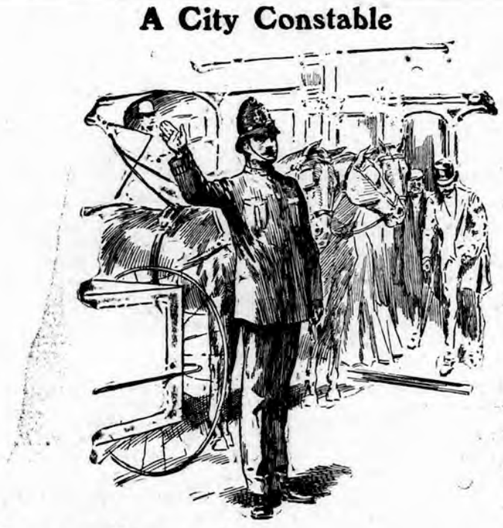
A City Constable



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From all lands, deputations come to study the *method* which has made the London Constable superior to all others. "The *method* by which I make myself *equal to my work*," says Constable Lawrence, "consists of taking Phosferine at intervals, as in this way I keep myself alert mentally and physically." Since taking Phosferine, Constable Lawrence can remain on "point" duty in all weathers, controlling the amazing volume of City traffic, without experiencing the terrible nerve strain and weariness which formerly distressed him. Even amongst men who excel, Constable Lawrence is known as an exceedingly capable officer, equal to any emergency, and he declares that Phosferine alone enables him to maintain himself in this fine condition.

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Indigestion	Premature Decay	Faintness	Headache
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ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

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Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

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The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.

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REFRESHING INVIGORATING

Resist Malaria

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(TRADE MARK)

'Vana' Tonic Wine is a pure, wholesome, yet powerful vitalising tonic.

It enriches the blood, increases and maintains the strength and vitality, thus fortifying the system against malaria.

As an invigorator for overworked bodies and brains and exhausted nerves it is ideal; its action is swift and its effect permanent.

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Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures. WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

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HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above Diseases with each Bottle.

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This flower like sweet scented Hair oil of high medicinal properties cures HEADACHE, VERTIGO, &c., &c., and gives the hair a jet black colour and strengthens the roots.

THERE IS SATISFACTION INDEED IN ITS USE.

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Compound powder of gold, prepared by scientific process from pure gold, cures all sorts of Fevers, allays Anorexia and Loss of Appetite, dispels all sorts of Neuralgic pain, removes every kind of disorder of the respiratory organs, and regulates and improves the digestive function. It infuses considerable power into the nerves and enables the constitution to bear any amount of strain and trouble. It is the best and potent alterative in the Hindu Pharmacopia.

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I possess numerous certificates from officials, Rajas, Parsees, Mahomedans, Hindus on all diseases. Those who wish to be convinced are requested to come and Inspect them.

SURGERY can only give temporary relief to the following diseases. They can be radically cured by the unfailing medicines described below:—

HYDROCELE in any form, acute, or chronic, Hernia, Elephantiasis and all sorts of rectum and scrotum disease are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 95 vegetable drugs and 105 vegetable oils.

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PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO THE INCONVENIENCES AND DANGER OF OPERATION.

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For Rheumatism, Goutand Paralysis, Pills and Oil for 30 days, Rs. 9-12.

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CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA DYSENTERY sudden and periodical COLIC PAINS are cured by unfailing remedies which surpass all other preparations. Pills for 15 days Rs. 6-8

Up-country orders Promptly executed by Value Payable Post.

Up-country patients are requested clearly their to state disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

In addition to the above mentioned medicines there are several other superior medicines of different prices for complaints mentioned above and also for several other complaints, the prices and other information for which may be had on application by Post or by personal interview disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

Apply to Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, of Benares, Motiwalla's Chawl, near old Tram Terminus, Tardeo Bridge, Tardeo, Bombay.

CERTIFICATE.

Dear Sir,—I have much pleasure to say that your Medicine effected me a perfect cure from hydrocele and piles from which I had been suffering for the last 15 years and my wife from the undue increase of fatness in body which she was suffering from for the same period.

I tried good many European and native Doctors but to no effect. I have full confidence in your vegetable drugs and shall be most happy to recommend to my friends.

Yours faithfully—(Sd.) H. W. WILLIAMS.

Bombay, 14th February 1910.

CERTIFICATE.

To Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, Tram Terminus Tardeo,

Dear Doctor—I wish to bring these few lines to your notice for the benefit of other sufferers I was suffering great agony from Hydrocele and Piles for almost a period of 12 years and tried many doctors both native and European, but to no avail I almost gave up all hopes of ever finding a cure but you will be glad to hear that since using the Pills and Ointment prescribed by you, I found instant relief and a thorough cure.

Thanking you for the same and I sincerely trust your medicines will be soon known by all sufferers, I would very much advise you to advertise more freely in all newspapers. I shall always recommend you to my friends.

Yours faithfully,

J. W. BREAKEY Government Telegraphs.

8th September, 1909.

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